The Constitution.

TRAVELLING AGENTS:
T. M. ACTON. W. A. JOHNSON.

ATLANTA, GA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING DECEMBER 19, 1877

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 102⅝ and closed at 102¾.

COTTON, middling uplands, closed saturday in New York at 11 5-16; in Liverpool at 6⅝.

Y. M. L. A.

THE SECOND NIGHT OF THE ANNUAL FAIR OF THE LIBRARY.

A Big Crowd and Big Money—The Sales Opening Slowly but Reliably—The Incidents of the Evening—All the Features in Working Order—A Success Assured.

Last night was a great triumph for the Library fair.

It should really be put down as the first night. On Monday night everything was confusion. Hardly more than half the special features were in working trim. Tables were hastily thrown together, and the articles were not classified.

A PRETTY FAIR IN APPLE PIERCER.

The ladies spent the day at the opera house on yesterday, however, and succeeded in getting everything into symmetrical shape, and into fine arrangement.

The general effect presented to the visitor upon entering the door was glittering dazzling. The booths were all aglow with color and light and brilliancy, and were ornamented with the most costly articles. The hall was an exposition of the rarest and best articles of silver, china, wax, and needlework. It was worth a good deal to simply walk around and examine the tables.

The verdict was universal that it was the finest fair that the library ever held. It was estimated that fully $4,000 worth of articles had been presented to the various tables. Every merchant in the city, almost, would have been approached, subscribed something to the good cause.

THE CROWD LAST NIGHT

was good-humored, generous, and seemed to enjoy itself. There was very little unseemly drumming, and it was decided that the money come all the freer from this reason.

The managers of the fair call attention particularly to the fact that never before was a fair opened where the goods offered were so nearly worth the money asked for them. Most of the articles were donated to the tables, and in such quantity that their sale is forced at the prices low. At the "Domestic Venture," for instance, it is almost impossible to fail to draw a prize worth nearly or quite the money paid for the chance. In very many cases, the prizes are valuable. A lady last night drew a box of sugar worth several dollars, a gentleman drew a what-not worth much more, and various prizes of like importance were drawn.

The "grocery table" and the "floral Table," is a splendid venture. The sales thereon could not be purchased for 10. It will be raffled at 10 cents a chance.

The Fortune Wheel is quite a fad a venture as the above—some of the prizes here are worth as much as $25, and many of them more than $10. Even the lowest prize, such as dolls, horses, fireworks, etc., will dispatially for Christmas presents, and hardiany of them could be purchased for less than the 25 cents that is charged for a chance.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS FOR CHILDREN,

the "Lady of the Lake," is a capital place to go to. Here you may find a bar bathing tub, the rear end of which is hidden from view. In it is a small boat, in which a dure doll-lady rides. You place ten cents in the boat, and at the same time open a little envelope lying there. The boat glides back and forth beneath the curtain, and soon re-appears with your present deposited in front of the lady. The prizes here are all for children, such as balloons, crying children, jumping jacks, wagons animals, harmonicas, Noah's ark, horses, rattles, Chinese lanterns, etc. There is sure all worth the money, and many of them much more than the money. It is only a chance.

THE RACES ARE GOING

slowly, but have the appearance of strategem than negligence. The contestants were, the most of them, on hand, wing around the hall quietly, and apparently ing each other's strength. Very few votes were polled, only a few dollars being dropped in the box. The race between Cap Joyner and Thomas will be heated and lively. So will the race between Misses Jones, Turner and Mct. The friends of each of these rivalries are mobilizing in big force. There are several races of importance, the one for the most popular business man in the city being the fight Mr Snow, Mr Chamberlin and Mr Leonard will each prove very strong. The race for railroad ticket is coming up, and Willie Regan's friends just rise up and swear that he shall've the prize if they have to sell their old cuts.

THE MIDDAY EXHIBITION TUNCH.

The directors have determined to throw the fair open from 12 until 2 o'clock on each day. There will be no charge for admission and absolutely no attempt at selling tickets or soliciting votes.

The refreshment stand will be open and an appetizing dinner will be served at the dinner, turkey, sugue, salad, oysters, ham, bread, butter, pies and hot coffee. The charge for dinner will only 25 cents. No better dinner can be secured anywhere for any price.

Dinner will be prepared several hundred people, and it is earnestly ed that the ladies will be liberally patronized.

Every lady or gentleman who is "up town" to-day at noon, should go to the opera house and enjoy a delightful dinner. You cannot give your wives or sweethearts such a treat anywhere else. At a restaurant it would cost you several dollars—at their it will cost you 25 cents.

The ladies will be in attendance and will wait on you. No attempt will be made to sell articles.

THE LEMONADE FOUNTAIN.

One of the most charming and popular resorts in the hall, (crowded out of yesterdays report,) is the lemonade fountain, in charge of Misses Richardson and Orr. In a green and fragrant bower, these ladies have an inexhaustible fountain hidden, in which they draw upon demand, the sweetest and best of lemonade. Their retreat was surrounded by young gentlemen last night and it had to fight your way through several rows of admirers before you could get a drink of the vended nectar. These young ladies reaped quite a sum last night and expect to do much better hereafter. Their lemonade is universally commended and there is a charm about the ladies themselves that need not be dismissed.

LIBRARY HIT DOTS.

Our citizens are again urged to come to the assistance of the library. It is true that many fairs have been held during the month, and the generosity of our people has been subjected to a severe test, but the library is in need of money to meet the deficiency in annual expenses. The fairs heretofore held have been denominational—the library appeals to all sects and parties; its object is the good of all—the ladies are working nobly in the cause. Let the men come to their assistance. Their efforts deserve encouragement—the object of their labor is most worthy of patronage.

—There will be splendid lunch served between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock each day, for 25 cents. Let our business men patronize a good cause to the extent of the lunch at least. No charge for admittance during the day.

—The hobby horse and military suit is now on exhibition. It is a perfect gem. It will be voted to the finst looking little boy in the city. All are invited to enter the race. So far there are two contestants—Master Joe Thompson and Master Ike E Fort.

—The doll house to be voted to the prettiest little girl is the most beautiful petite palace ever seen. The friends of little Misses Cordelia Jackson, Mamie Avery and Clara Loyd are urging their claims with energy.

—The race for the railroad ticket is getting to be a lively one. Many a vote was cast last night. It will be one of the biggest races in the fair. Fitten, Regan, Thompson and Keely. Each have a host of friends.

—The race for the doll-house between Miss Cornelia Jackson and Miss Clara Loyd was very spirited, and gets livelier as the race goes on. It will be one of the biggest races of the fair.

—The street cars on McDonough and Peachtree streets will run an extra trip at 11½ o'clock to-night. The ladies must patronize the car if they wish the extra trips kept up.

—Be sure to go to the opera house to-day for dinner—only 25 cents. Ham, tongue, salad, etc.; best of dinners, and cheap as dirt.

FROM GRIFFIN.

Hudson Elected Clerk of the Court.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

GRIFFIN, GA., Dec. 18, 1877.

Hudson, the democratic nominee, is elected clerk of the superior court over Mitchell, Independent, by two hundred and sixty-two votes as far as heard from.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mr. J. E. Tate has returned to the city after being absent several months in Florida and Cuba.

—[illegible] assed to meet yesterday Mr. [illegible] of Greensboro, one of [illegible] the bar of the [illegible] m that the friends of [illegible] tion for the solicitor- [illegible] ace of J. W. Fenton, [illegible] who will resign in [illegible] ection to the senate, [illegible] make a faithful and [illegible]

—Hon. [illegible] is named by [illegible] Chronicle for governor, and [illegible] ably be the democratic [illegible]

—Mr. [illegible] Cincinnati, has [illegible] Tolle, Holton & Co. [illegible] partments, have [illegible]

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

VOL. X. ATLANTA, GA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 19, 1877. NO 255

FACT AND RUMOR.

—Christmas week is becoming a stylish time for weddings.

—Everybody attends the Library fair.

—Horses and mules at auction daily constitute one of our local excitements.

—Tickets for Dr. Harrison's lecture to-morrow night are selling very fast.

—Retail trade at this busy season begins at daybreak and ends at midnight.

—Barbers are so numerous in Atlanta that they have begun a cutting down in prices.

—Every freight depot in town is crowded with freight.

—Rex is coming in grand style on the 6th of January.

—Have you seen the magic mirror, at Phillips & Crew's?

—The largest stock of gold pens in the city, at 8 and 10 Marietta street.

—Since Howell Glenn has managed the educated pig at the Library fair so well the boys call him professor.

—The city council began a warfare on fireworks at the last meeting, but the law was allowed to remain as it was last night.

—There are at least six Atlantas in in the United States, most of them being our namesakes.

—There will soon be a rare entertainment given for the benefit of the Benevolent home.

—The shadow lantern is the latest Christmas novelty, only foun at Phillips & Crew's.

—Nearly every dry goods box that is left out at night is occupied by a little nig or a lonely tramp.

—During these warm, moonshining nights serenades are as frequent as in the sentimental days of spring.

—We call the attention of our readers to the auction sale of Horses and mules today by Messrs. D. P. Ellis & Co. This stock is all good and sold for no fault.

—Dr. Jno. Stainback Wilson, of the Hygienic Institute and Turkish bath, is not the Dr J. S. Wilson, whose name is connected with a certain circular recently issued.

—On account of Dr. Harrison's lecture the supper to be given by the ladies of Second Baptist church is postponed to Friday night next.

—J. P. Stevens & Co., jewelers, have taken the lead this season in bringing out the prize styling goods at lowest prices. A visit to their palatial store is worth going a hundred miles to see.

LOCAL DRAMATIC DOTS.

—Col. Mulberry Sellers Raymond is coming this way.

—We are afraid we will not see Lotta this season.

—Several traveling combinations are said to be trembling on the verge of financial ruin.

—The finest entertainments ever witnessed in Atlanta will be given during the coming January.

—Haverly's Minstrels are playing through Virginia and will soon reach North Carolina coming this way.

—Old John Robinson is in Alabama and he intends leaving Georgia out this season.

—Miss Genevieve Rogers recently received a bouquet in Galveston as large as a wheelbarrow.

—Mr. McDonald, agent of "Happy Cal Wagner," is in the city making preparations for the coming of the troupe on the 24th inst.

—The old year will be excited with the coming of the Evangeline Burlesque troupe on the 26th inst., and the new year ushered in by Louise Pomeroy January 8th.

LOCAL PADDING.

—The weather—too sweet to last!

—Messrs. Cyrille Dion and M. Daly will give a billiard tournament at the National very soon.

—The Hon. B. H. Hill and lady returned from Washington City on yesterday. They will spend the Christmas holidays at home.

—Mr. H. H. Parks, the new pastor of the First Methodist church, has reached the city and will preach his first sermon on next Sunday. His family will reach Atlanta next Friday week. He is a guest at present of Mr. Robert Winship. Mr. Parks has a host of friends in this city who most heartily welcome him.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court of Georgia

LIST OF CIRCUITS.

Cherokee Circuit	9	Ocmulgee Circuit	15
Augusta Circuit	12	Eastern Circuit	36
Middle Circuit	5	Brunswick Circuit	1

ATLANTA, Ga., December 18, 1877.

After delivering decisions in cases heretofore argued, the usual order of business was resumed

CHEROKEE CIRCUIT.

No. 3. Argument continued.

Pending the argument of Mr. Dabney, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Dr. Harrison's Lecture.

It will be remembered that Dr. Harrison will to-morrow night deliver his lecture at the First Methodist church. The popularity of the lecturer and the interest of the subject will attract a large audience of our best people. The lecture is to be delivered for the benefit of the young men's building association. We bespeak a full house.

THE FEDERAL FOCUS.

Waifs from Washington—Blaine Gone to the Hot Springs with Old Man Robeson.

SWAPPING AROUND

WASHINGTON, December 18.—Major Thomas M. Vincent, assistant adjutant general, is ordered to the department of Texas, to succeed Major Joseph Taylor, ordered to the department of the east. Major Samuel Breck will succeed Major Vincent.

A COOL HAND.

General Vincent has been transferred from the war department to the Rio Grande because there is wanted there an adjutant general of cool judgment and great experience.

HITCHCOCK.

Ex-Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, becomes consul general at Paris, vice General Tobert.

GOOD GRACIOUS!

Blaine has decided to seek balm at the Hot Springs of Arkansas. He leaves to-morrow in company with Senators Chaffee and Dorsey, ex Secretary Robeson and Congressman Hale.

MCONSHINERS IN ALABMA.

Colonel D. B. Booth, collector of the second district of Alabama, now here, has been awarded four additional deputies to suppress illicit distilling in north Alabama.

LACK OF SEAMANSHIP.

The naval report of enquiry on the Huron disaster, attributes the loss of the vessel to a lack of seamanship.

FRENCH POLITICS.

Direct Taxes and the Budget—Pushing Out the Prefect.

ADJOURNED.

VERSAILLES Dec. 18.—In the senate M. Ponyer Quertier read the report of the finance committee upon bills authorizing the collection of four direct taxes and two-twelfths of the budget. The report recommended the adoption of the bills. The senate then unanimously voted 4 direct taxes and two-twelfths of the budget.

In the deputies M. Dufaure presented a bill for the abrogation of the law on press offences. The session of both houses has closed. The deputies meet on the 8th of January.

BOUNCING THE PREFECTS.

The decrees relative to the prefects will be gazetted to-morrow. It is said that by these decrees 81 prefects will be either superseded or transferred. Five only who have given notification of their adhesion to the present government will be retained at their ports.

WITH A ROUND TURN.

The New York Police Commissioners and the Mayor.

NEW YORK, December 18.—The police commissioners have received a letter from the mayor in which he says the commissioners have not attended to the duty of street cleaning, though ample funds have been drawn for the proper performance of that duty. He also says the board has assumed to say when the statutes should be enforced, and, after ignoring them for a time, have capriciously enforced them by raids, thus making the law odious. On the 20th he would allow them to show cause why they should not be removed.

Failed.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 18.—Tolle, Holton & Co., dry goods commission, have failed.

RIDING THE CIRCUIT.

APPOINTMENTS OF THE SOUTH GEORGIA CONFERENCE.

Last Day's Session of the Conference—Tribute to Rev. Lovic Pierce—Other Matters.

[Special Dispatch to The Constitution.]

TALBOTTON, (via) GENEVA, Dec. 18.—At the anniversary meeting of the missionary society of the South Georgia conference, Saturday afternoon, the usual reports were read, after which Dr. Haygood delivered an address. At the close of the meeting a collection was taken up, amounting to one hundred and thirty-seven dollars. The reports were very gratifying. Collections have been taken up as follows: Domestic missions $3,905 66; foreign missions, $2,155 36; for superannuated preachers, $3,185 51.

DR. LOVICK PIERCE.

At 3 o'clock (Saturday afternoon) the venerable Dr. Lovick Pierce preached a sermon, but his voice was too weak to be satisfactorily heard by the audience. To-day, in the examination of character, when the name of this venerated father in Israel was called, the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That we as members of this conference, express to almighty God our heavenly father, our devout gratitude for that kind providence which has preserved the life of our venerable father, Rev. Lovick Pierce, D.D., and which has given him strength to attend the sixty-fifth time its annual session.

Resolved, That we will, by the help of God, try to emulate his example, and to profit by his faithful and godly counsels and admonitions.

Resolved, That on invoking upon him the divine blessing, we will earnestly pray that it may please the great head of the church to preserve his health and strength, and enable him to be present at the ensuing session of the general conference, as the senior representative of this body.

APPOINTMENTS.

The following list of appointments was read last night:

SAVANNAH DISTRICT, A. T. MANN, P. E.

Savannah.—Trinity, R J Corley, Wesley Monumental church J O Branch, City Mission, J W Simmons; Springfield, E J Burch; Sylvania, J S Jordan; Scarboro, C E Borland; Bethel, J R McCloskey; Alexander, N D Morehouse; Waynesboro, R B Lester; Bethany, J M Austin; Louisville, J D Maulden, Sandersville, R M Lockwood; Washington, J D Anthony; Davisboro, R B Bryant; Gibson, J W Folsom.

MACON DISTRICT—J. O. A. CLARK, P. E.

Mulberrry, Macon, G G N McDonnell; Jones' Chapel, Macon, S N Tucker; First Street, Macon, W Lewis; East Macon, R L Houiker; Macon circuit, J E Rylie; Irwinton, W S Baker; Jeffersonville, J W Domingos; Gordon, J W Burke; ——, O W Smith; Toomsboro, D R McWilliams; Hawkinsville, A M Williams; Haynesville, R L Wiggins; Fort Valley and Perry, J B McGehee; Montezuma, P S Twitty; Byron, supplied by L G Evans; Crawford, J B Culpepper; Agent Orphans Home, L B Payne; Wesleyan Female college, W C Bass, president, C W Smith, H W Key, professors; Emory college, O L Smith, professor.

COLUMBUS DISTRICT—A. M. WYNNE P. E.

Columbus, St Luke, J O A Cook; Columbus, St Paul, J S Key; Columbus, Broad street, A Wright; Girard and Trinity, J V M Morris; Cataula, J B Wardlaw, EQ Abbott supernumerary; Hamilton, S D Clements; Talbotton, B F Breedlove; Talbot, W W Stewart; Geneva, L A Dorsey; Butler, G S Johnston; Reynolds, W H Tignor; Cusseta, H C Fentress; Upatol, W J Stallings; Buena Vista, J P Wardlaw; Marion, A P Wright.

AMERICUS DISTRICT—J. W. HINTON, P. E.

Americus, F A Branch; Magnolia, J R Little-John; Ellaville, P H Crumpler; Oglethorpe, S S Sweet; Cedar Creek, R M Booth; Vienna, R F Evans; Dawson and Smithville, R W Dixon; Leesburg, L A Snow; Terrell, J M Potter; Calhoun mission, P C Harris; Lumpkin and Weston, T H Timmons; Cuthbert and Georgetown, G C Clark; Randolph J T Ainsworth; Clay, to be supplied by W D Steward; Stewart, G T Embry; Sumter, W W Tidwell.

THOMASVILLE DISTRICT—E A H M'GEHEE, P.E.

Thomasville, T T Christian; Fort Gaines, W C Lovett; Blakely, W F Lloyd; Albany, H R Felder; Camilla, E J Scott; Pelham, to be supplied; Cairo, E C Hines; Bainbridge, G J Griffith; Decatur, J M Marshall; Trinity, P F Connally; Spring Hill, S W Stubbs; Boston, T R Leonard; Ocapilco, E H Harman; Morven, W Lane; Lowndes and Echols, N B Ousley; Quitman and Valdosta, W M Hayes.

BRUNSWICK DISTRICT—J. E. KENTELL, P. E.

Brunswick, R J Walker; Camden, T S Armistead; St Mary's, G C Thompson; Charlton, W M C Conley; Darien, B W Key; Jonesville mission, W F Bearden; Hinesville, P B Simms; Bryan mission, W F Conley; Jessup, A A Ellenwood; Blackshear and Waycross, J W Weston; Homerville, C P Bickley; Nashville, J F Cary; Moultrie mission, to be supplied; South Coffee mission, to be supplied by J E Tooke; Worth mission, S G Childs; Waresboro, D J Pope; Brookfield mission, B S Key.

DUBLIN DISTRICT—T. B. LANIER, P. E.

Dublin, C A Moore; Laurens Mission, supplied by J Langston; Eastman, E M Whiting; Telfair, W F Roberts; Ocmulgee, D Blalock; Spring Hill, T I Neese; Mt Vernon Mission, W J Flanders; Reidsville, W T McMichael; Bullock, G D Adams, Swainsboro, J J Giles; Wrightsville, supplied by J B Purvis; Appling, J L Williams; Wilcox Mission, John S Kipper; Conference Missionary, L Pierce; Sunday school agent, S Anthony.

The Incident about General Gordon.

RICHMOND, December 11, 1877.

Editors Richmond Dispatch: It may be well to correct the incident in reference to General Gordon and the prayer on the eve of battle, which is going the rounds, so far as to say that he was *never a preacher.* His father was a preacher, as is also a younger brother who served on his staff; but the general was simply one of those earnest christian laymen with whom our army was blessed, who never hesitated to "show his colors," and who exerted a wide influence for the religious good of all who came in contact with him.

I have heard him make exhortations to his men of great pathos and wonderful power as he urged them to put their trust in Christ. And I have known him to seek personal interviews with many of his officers and men, that he might press upon them the claims of the gospel.

In the winter of 1863-'64 it was my privilege to assist Rev. A. B. Woodfin (now chaplain of the university of Virginia) in a great revival in Gordon's brigade, during the continuance of which there were some three hundred professions of conversion, and we regarded General Gordon as one of the most valuable and efficient workers in the meeting.

I have thought it worth while to make this correction as giving another of the many examples which show that a man need not be a preacher, in the technical sense, in order to be actively useful as a christian worker.

J. WILLIAM JONES.

The Pennsylvania Miners.

WILKESBARRE, December 18.—On Saturday, eight men were tried for and convicted of riot. They interfered with the running of the pumps at Bright's shaft, near Scranton, last September. This afternoon Judge Hendley sentenced the leaders, Thos. Hand and Thos. Monan to one year and nine months imprisonment at hard labor in the penitentiary, $500 fine and the costs of the prosecution. Three others were fined $10 each and sentenced to three months imprisonment in the county jail.

Sawing off the Short Horns.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—A Cincinnati special to the Times says it is reported that three of the prominent short-horn breeders of Clark county, Kentucky, have failed—W. D. Sutherland, J. V. Grigsley and John T. Sotherland. Their liabilities range from $40,000 to $80,000 each. So universal is the interchange of securities among these men that a general smash up is feared. The breeders of fine trotting stock are, so far, not seriously involved.

Closed for Repairs.

SPRINGFIELD, Dec. 18.—The Springfield savings bank has closed. The liabilities are $102,000, chiefly small depositors. Most of the directors are wealthy. It is stated that every liability will be paid in full. The bank has been

THE PORTE'S PEACE CIRCULAR

Some Explanations—The Sick Man Not too Sick to Fight—Osman Still Alive—Hard Feelings Against England—Servia's Advance.

J. BULL'S PERPLEXITIES.

LONDON, December 18.—The London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian telegraphs to that journal: It was the gossip of all the political clubs today (Monday,) that the cabinet is divided about the measures to be taken to prevent a one-sided alteration of the treaty of Paris, and that Lord Derby, foreign minister, and Marquis of Salisbury, secretary of state for India, are opposed to the set scheme of Lord Beaconsfield, the premier, to summon the parliament much earlier than usual. It is exceedingly probable that the parliament will meet on the 17th of January, to which time it was prorogued last week; but the means by which Lord Beaconsfield hopes to maintain British interests under the treaty of Paris will require further deliberation. The parliament usually meets in February.

"NOT AS A VANQUISHED STATE"

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 18.—Erroneous interpretations having been given to the circular of the porte inviting mediation, it is officially explained that Turkey does not approach the powers as a vanquished state, since she still has two lines of defence which the government believes she would be able to hold. The porte, by its circular, desires to intimate its willingness to consider the proposals made by the Constantinople conference. As the war began, owing to Turkey's refusal to adhere to those proposals, the porte thinks it might be determined now on that basis.

FEELING AGAINST ENGLAND IN TURKEY.

England is in great disfavor here on account of Servia's treachery, which the English influence in favor of Servia rendered possible. There is a strong impression here that England will oppose the opening of the Dardanelles, which Turkey and probably all the other powers are prepared to concede. If the Turks refuse the concession, it will be because of the conviction that England will help them in their extremity.

THE BRITISH MINISTRY.

LONDON, December 18.—The Post says another cabinet council will be held to-day. The serious aspect of foreign affairs engages constant attention of the ministry, and it is felt that the time has arrived when momentous questions may have to be considered.

A FAILURE.

VIENNA, December 18.—A correspondent of the Times telegraphs that Turkey's first pacific effort may be regarded as a failure. Germany hinted that treating direct with Russia would be the shortest way to an understanding. It seems the Austrian government replied that they could not hold out any hope of successful mediation.

RUSSIAN RESERVE.

BUCHAREST, December 18.—Prince Gortschakoff has instructed the Russian representatives abroad to observe the greatest possible reserve relative to the conditions of peace which Russia might be disposed to advance.

Osman Pasha is alive.

THE SERVIANS.

ALEXINATZ, Dec. 18.—Milan is here. The Servians have occupied Adeic. The place had been evacuated by the Turks.

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Parliament meets January 17th. The Standard states that the cabinet have decided to ask parliament to vote money for such increase of the Turkish army as the present state of Europe demands.

THE MAN WITH THE IRON HAND.

Prince Bismarck and His Troubles—The Chancellor About to Break Down Opposition.

LONDON, December 18.—With reference to internal questions which are dividing Prince Bismarck from Emperor William and some of the ministers, the Standard's Berlin dispatch says: Prince Bismarck seems to have overcome the obstacles which hitherto hindered the realization of his plan for remodeling the cabinet. The rumor is gaining credit that Herr Camphansen, vice-president of the council of ministers and minister of finance, and Dr. Achenbach, minister of commerce and public works, will resign; that the latter will be replaced by Dr. Fridenthal, minister of agriculture; that Herr Bennigen, president of the chamber of deputies, will become home minister, and other portfolios will be distributed when Bismarck returns to Berlin. Such a solution would be a success for

THE NATIONAL LIBERAL PARTY,

who up to the middle of last week despaired of so hopeful an issue. Apparently the conservatives declined at the last moment to enter the cabinet previous to the removal of Dr Fack, minister of public instructions and ecclesiastical affairs, unless they had guarantees that all ecclesiastical laws issued since the beginning of the ecclesiastical war should be partly abolished and partly remodeled. Bismarck is now working to remove

SOME COURTIERS OF HIGH RANK,

whom he charges with conspiracy against him. According to the latest intelligence he has up to this time been unsuccessful, but there are indications that those courtiers must this time yield to the chancellor.

Lumber Seizures in Florida.

WASHINGTON, December 18.—Commissioner Williamson, of the general land office, has a report from Special Agent Hester in Florida that a writ of replevin has been issued from the United States court for the possession of 900,000 feet of sawed lumber and 4,000 logs cut from the public lands.

GOV. GEORGE F. DREW,

Senator Bucks, James Parker and Lafayette Dickens are the defendants. Hester also reports that suits have been instituted for the possession of several hundred barrels of rosin and turpentine, and that warrants have been issued for the arrest of various parties, including Parker and Dickens, above referred to.

A Western and an Eastern Opinion.

TERRE HAUTE, December 18.—A very large and enthusiastic meeting was held to-night to discuss the silver question. Resolutions were adopted in favor of the restoration of the old silver dollar and of our paper currency, it being issued by the government and made a full legal tender.

PHILADELPHIA, December 17.—The board of trade to-night unanimously adopted a resolution opposing the passage of the Bland silver bill.

A Ku-Klux Seeker Caught.

ST. JOHN, N.B., December 18.—There was some excitement last evening, owing to the arrest of Charles Chapman by Detective Baillie, of Georgia. Chapman registered at Queen's hotel December 3d, informing the proprietor that he was a detective seeking a ku-klux, who had committed depredations during the war. Detective Baillie says Chapman's last operation was a forgery for $15,000 in Georgia. He will be examined to-day.

Wife Murderer Sentenced to Death.

LANCASTER, PA., December 18.—James E. Pannell was to-day sentenced to be hanged for the murder of his wife at Lancaster, in July, 1876. His counsel intends to ask the supreme court for an examining commission to decide as to the murderer's sanity.

—Happy tidings for nervous sufferers and those who have been dosed, drugged, and quacked, Pulvermacher's Electric Belts effectually cure premature debility, weakness, and decay. Book and Journal, with information worth thousands, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC COMPANY, Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE MEXICAN MOB.

SURRENDER OF THE TROOPS AT EL PASO.

Several Citizens Shot to Death—John Pope Engaged in Fighting by Telegraph—More Troops Expected at El Paso Yesterday.

THE SENATE COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, December 18.—The senate committee on Mexican affairs had a second meeting to-day. The cabinet to-day gave some consideration to Mexican affairs, but there was no action. The troubles on the border are still considered of no international importance. The secretary of war has ordered Col. Shafter and Lieuts. Bullis and Truman to appear before the house military committee January 7th, to which day the sub committee, of which Congressman Schleicher is chairman, adjourned.

OLD HINDQUARTERS IN THE SADDLE.

Sheridan sends the following, dated Chicago, December 17, from General Pope:

Capt. Blair telegraphs from El Paso on the 16th that the mob have been up to El Paso, Mexico, to get a small gun there, but Judge Madello refused to let them have it. Major Offan has just come from the other side. All his old friends turned the cold shoulder on him to-day, and one of them told him he had better come into town, which he will do to-morrow.

MEN BELONGING TO THE MOB

came up to Ysleta yesterday and took all the ammunition they could find. If a blow is to be struck the sooner the better. Colonel Hatch reports that Captain Blair has been telegraphed as to the movement of troops now taking place, and that he has been directed to take charge of two field pieces and ammunition at El Paso, Texas, and put them in the custom-house under guard of his detachment. Colonel Hatch thinks the troops will arrive in time to prevent any serious trouble.

TROOPS MOVING.

Under date of yesterday, Gen. Pope also telegraphs: Ten companies of the 9th cavalry and one company of infantry are en route to El Paso. The advance companies are expected to arrive there to-day or to-morrow. The whole force probably numbers a little over three hundred men. Enough for all purposes.

A FAILURE.

Captain Blair, commanding United States troops at El Paso, telegraphs on the 17th instant that nothing new has accurred at San Elizario up to that time, but a man named Ellis, belonging to the Texas rangers, had been killed. The advance United States troops en route to San Elizario from points in New Mexico is hourly expected.

SURRENDERED TO THE MOB.

GALVESTON, Dec. 18.—A News special from Austin says: A dispatch received by the governor from the sheriff of El Paso county, states that the state troops surrendered to the Mexican mob at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Their ammunition was exhausted and they were unable to hold out longer. After the surrender Howard, Atkinson and McBride were shot to death by the Mexicans.

GALVESTON, December 18.—A San Antonio dispatch of yesterday says Col. Amador, of Lerdo's forces, with two hundred men, has been disarming the Diez guards at Mier, and releasing them upon promise not to take up arms against Lerdo's cause. The Mexicans favoring Lerdo (who has taken refuge in Texas) are flocking to his standard. His accessions in one day reached upward of 40.

DIABOLICAL INCENDIARISM.

An Attempt to Burn and Blow Up a Nashville Hardware Store.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 18.—On Sunday morning, about 5 o'clock, as Joseph and Edward Hawkins, two carriers for the American, were coming to the office, and while on the corner of Broad and College streets, they happened to look down Broad street and saw smoke issuing from No. 28, the hardware store of David Hughes & Co. They immediately went to the Stockell engine house and notified the members of the fire company, one of whom, before ringing the alarm, went to the place designated. He hurried back and immediately pulled the alarm from box 2 at exactly 5 o'clock.

The Eclipse, the Citizens' Gift, the Stockel and the hook and ladder, were very soon on hand. The door of the store was broken open, and, after working unceasingly for nearly half an hour, the firemen succeeded in putting out the fire.

A representative of the American called upon Capt. Stockell, chief of the fire department, yesterday morning, in order to ascertain what was the condition of things when he arrived on the spot. Capt. Stockell said:

GRAND RASCALITY.

"This is the grandest piece of rascality ever perpetrated upon this community; it was calculated to destroy both life and property. Not knowing the danger, we broke down the front door and rushed back to the elevator, in order to prevent the fire from spreading to the second and third stories. After a great deal of hard work we succeeded in getting control of the fire, and made some startling discoveries.

"During the fire, there were 119 pounds of powder in the building, stored in three different places—73 pounds in a tin canister on one side of the house under the shelving near the front of the house, a canister of about 27 pounds placed on the opposite side of the house near the rear end, and near the center of the building on the end of the counter, where powder was usually kept, there was an iron box containing 18½ pounds. From what we saw we were unable to tell in how many places the store had been set on fire, but

TEN DIFFERENT PLACES

were counted by myself. All along the shelving, just as high as a man could reach, were balls of cotton saturated with coal oil, and placed between and on top of the boxes of cutlery. I counted 196 balls of the saturated cotton, and judge from the place burned that there were at least 100 more balls. There were a great many balls in and around the windows. The bulk of the fire was in the rear of the building, and at every place where the powder was situated the saturated balls were ignited within three feet of it. While at work, nearly all the firemen, at least fifteen persons in all, were within three feet of the powder and did not know it.

Petroleum in the Black Hills.

DEADWOOD, Dec. 18.—A bottle of petroleum was brought into this city from an oil well that was discovered a few weeks ago, eight miles from Kinney's stockade, and one hundred miles south of Deadwood. The petroleum is pronounced by experts to be superior to that of West Virginia.

No Indian depredations have been committed in this vicinity or on any of the routes leading to the hills for some time.

The Royal Betrothal.

LONDON, December 18.—A special to the Standard from Rome announces that the pope has granted a dispensation authorizing the marriage of the king of Spain with the Princess Mercedes.

Wife-Murderer Hanged.

KNOXVILLE, December 18.—Jack Hunt, the wife-murderer, was executed at Madisonville. An immense crowd was present from the surrounding counties.

Sargent's Successor.

SACRAMENTO, December 18.—The legislature elected J. F. Farley United States senator.

The Pope's Health.

ROME, December 18.—The pope's

MINISTERS ON DANCING.

The Amusing Ignorance of the Rev. Dr. Jennings on the Subject.

Pittsburg Gazette.

In the Presbyterian presbytery of Pittsburg, yesterday, the Rev. Dr. Jennings presented a paper condemning in strong terms the practice of promiscuous dancing. The paper quoted the expressions of the general assemblies of 1818 and 1843 on this subject, and demanded a reiteration by presbytery of former declarations against the saltatory exercise. The Rev. Mr. Fisher offered the following as a substitute for Dr. Jenning's paper:

Resolved, that Presbytery, in accordance with the request of several members, reiterates its previous action upon the subject of promiscuous dancing, and calls attention to the various recommendations of the general assembly upon this subject.

The Rev. D. Strong made an emphatic speech, in which he said that reiterations were of no consequence any more, and that an energetic enforcement of the church rules was necessary in matters of dancing, card playing and attending theaters.

The following was ordered by the Rev. W. O. Campbell, of Monongahela City, as a substitute for the papers of the Rev. Messrs. Fisher and Jennings:

Resolved, That the Presbytery reiterates the action of last assembly on the subject of dancing, the theater, the billard room and card playing, and enjoins the session to make violations of the rules of assembly matters of discipline, and strongly recommends pastors to preach on the rubject of pulic amusements.

The Rev. Mr. Campbell made a speech, and said that he had heard that city pastors were disposed to wink at dancing because their congregations were largely addicted to it, and would not tamely submit to a deprivation of the pleasure. The Rev. Mr. Senour said there was no use adopting resolutions unless they were carried out, and he expressed his belief that if the Rev. Mr. Campbell's resolution should be adopted and enforced many persons would leave the church. He was opposed to the paper. A motion by the Rev. Mr. Sloan to put it on the table was lost. Dr. Jennings said he had heard that in some dances it was customary for a gentleman to place his arm around a lady's waist. He had never seen anything of this kind done, but if such was the practice he was clearly of the opinion that it could result only in evil. The venerable doctor's lack of knowledge on this point occasioned the most uproarious laughter. The Rev. Mr. Beatty thought Mr. Campbell's paper too strong.

A motion was made to postpone the whole subject until the next meeting of the Presbytery, which was lost. The previous question was put and sustained. The Presbytery then voted on the paper, and by a close vote it was adopted as read. After some minor matters of interest had been disposed of, a motion was made to reconsider Mr. Campbell's paper, which was carried, and the following substitute was offered by the Rev. Mr. Beacon, and adopted:

Resolved, That in accordance with the deliverance of the general assembly, and previous acts of this Presbytery, we express our deep sense of promiscuous dancing and kindred amusements, as detrimental to the influence of religion and the cultivation of personal piety; and we call upon our pastors and sessions to use all reasonable and judicious efforts to abate and remove the practice from among our people.

From Camden.

ST. MARYS, GEORGIA, Dec. 14.

Editors Constitution: Camden is on "the ragged edge." Butler, the negro candidate for the legislature, defeated Spencer R. Atkinson, Esq., the democratic nominee, all of which can be attributed to bad management. Mr. Atkinson was but a short time in the county. After having done so well since the election of J. M. Arnow, Esq., to the senate, over Virgil Hillyer, radical, and of Ray Tompkins, Esq., over Henry Hillyer, radical, we are in a worse condition than we were then. The politicians are more to blame than the people for our shame.

The democracy of the county were nearly evenly divided on the capital question, and the Milledgeville men are awfully disappointed at the general result.

It is a remarkable fact, that whilst there was considerable sickness along our whole coast during the summer and fall, St. Mary's has been very healthy as usual. St. Augustine, Jacksonville, Fernandina, Brunswick, Darien, Savannah and Port Royal have all had more or less fevers, and this little "city by the sea," in full view of the grand and beautiful Atlantic, escaped.

Under a proclamation by the mayor, thanksgiving day was better observed than it had been for many years past, and the negroes, who paid no attention to it last year, commenced their services at four o'clock in the morning this year.

For the last month we have been crowded with large foreign vessels taking on lumber for foreign ports.

There is no better place in the south all things considered, for capitalists to embark in the lumber business than this. S. L. Burns & Co., have made a great thing out of their lumber business and there is room for many more. Capital and energy does the work.

In conclusion I congratulate the people of Atlanta on the retention of the capital. May they always prosper. MINCO.

A Blazing Fire.

PATTERSON, N. J., December 17.

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS ON FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged 1m cents per line each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, discharges or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When properly classified the smallest advertisement of three lines, which costs but thirty cents, is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for the purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

WANTED.

TO PRINTERS.—Seven good Compositors wanted at The Frank'in Printing House, Atlanta, Ga. 433 dec19...d3t

WANTED—Board in a private family or boarding house for gentleman, wife and three children, during the winter. Address Prompt Pay, Box 457. 277 dec19...dtf

WANTED—Purchasers for 1,000 Christmas toy trunks. Atlanta Trunk Factory, 92 Whitehall street. 380 dec16...sun,wed,fri

WANTED—Printing of all kinds, from the smallest card to the largest poster, books, etc., executed at the lowest prices and best styles, at The Constitution office. aug21...dtf

FOR RENT.

TO RENT—That large, commodious residence on Peachtree street, formerly occupied by E. W. Wrenn. The house has gas and water and is in excellent repair, and now being painted. Apply to J. P. Burge, 289 Peachtree street. 427 dec19...d3t wed thur fri

FOR RENT—A dwelling house, No. 128 S. Pryor street. Apply to D. F. & W. R. Hammond, 33 Whitehall street, corner Alabama. 400 dec18...dtf

FOR RENT—A nice five room House from 1st of January, No. 69 Collins street. Apply to E. L. Connally, No. 26 Whitehall street. 381 dec16 d1w sun wed fri

TO RENT—The barber shop in National Hotel. Possession given on the first day of January next. Inquire of John H. Flynn. 378 dec16...tf

LARGE STORE AND BASEMENT to Rent under DeGive's Opera House, Marietta street. Apply to L. DeGive. 307 july15...dtf

FOR SALE.

BANANNAS AND COCOANUTS—200 bunches Bananas, 800 Cocoannts, for sale low. Hannon & Ansley. 429 dec19...d1t

50 BARRELS PRIME APPLES just received and more to arrive. Cheap for cash, at H. T. Cox & Co's, Forsyth street. 433 dec19...d1t

150 BARRELS CHOICE APPLES CHEAP. Will sell for cash in 5 and 10 barrel lots, very cheap, to close consignment. R. J. Grimm, 104 Peachtree street. 438 dec19...1t

GROCERY STORE FOR SALE.—I offer my stock of goods for sale low, as I am compelled on account of health to quit business. Will sell at a bargain. E. A. Thomas & Co., 72 Peachtree street. 439 dec19...d1t

RARE CHANCE IS OFFERED—For sale, a half interest in Lester's Patent Fire Place Heater, for Georgia, Florida and South Carolina. Enquire at E. A. Thomas & Co's, 72 Peachtree street. 439 dec19...d1...

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT—Apply to J. G. Reynolds, at Maddox & Rucker's store. 416 dec18...3t

HORSE AND ROCKAWAY FOR SALE. Call on Silvey & Dougherty. 398 dec.13 dtf

A FEW COPIES of the New Constitution, in pamphlet form, for sale at this office. Price five cents. dec8...dtf

CROCKERY, &c.

A VERY FINE STOCK OF VASES and Toilet Sets, just received at Law's. He has also a fine stock of Crockery and China at half price. 371 dec16. d1w-

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A Necklace. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at Solomon's Jewelry store, Whitehall street. 424 dec19...dtf

FOUND—Out that all kinds of Job Printing can be as neatly, cheaply and quickly executed at The Constitution Job office. may20...dtf

LOST—Money by not having your Binding, Rulling, etc., executed at The Constitution Book Bindery. Blank Books manufactured to order. may20...dtf

CARRIAGES, &c.

SPENCE & JARVIS have for sale, and make to order, fine Carriages, Buggies and Wagons, at prices lower than ever before. 44 Line street. 000 nov29... 000 july25...dtf

BROOMS.

BROOMS, BROOMS, BROOMS—Headquarters Atlanta Broom Works corner Line and Pryor streets. dec9...tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY TO LOAN.—We are instructed by a client to loan $25,000 00, on first class real estate in this city, at reasonable rate of interest. No trust property accepted and no loans made under $1,000 00. Applications, in writing or in person, may be made to Abbott & Kendrick, Attorneys at Law, 49 Whitehall street. 430 dec19...d3t

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, LOCKS, HINGES, &c., lower than any house in Georgia. W. G. Ashley, 33 South Broad street. 436 aug28...deodtf

AUCTION SALES.

MCMILLEN & OLCOTT sell this morning at ten o'clock, two Spring Wagons, Pictures, Picture Frames, Mirrors, Furniture, Carpets, Mattresses, Stoves, &c. 435 dec'9 d1t

AUCTION SALES.—Merchants and Traders should bear in mind that the valuable stock of A. M. Lowe & Co. 40 Peachtree, will be closed out at auction This Nine, 7 o'clock, in lots to suit the Trade. The stock is in full assortment of unbroken packages of valuable Groceries, all of which will be sold without reserve. D. P. Ellis & Co., Auctioneers. 428 dec9...d1t

10 HEAD sound No. 1 Harness and Saddle Horses and Mules will be sold this day, Wednesday, 19th, ten o'clock, in front of our store. D. P. Ellis & Co., Auctioneers. 436 dec19...d1t

The Constitution.

ATLANTA,

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 19, 1877

1878. THE 1878.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

FOR 1878,

Will maintain the reputation it has already won as

The Leading Southern Daily.

The particular features which have given it a popularity that might almost be termed special will not only be continued, but such improvements made as will give additional zest, vivacity and brilliancy to its columns. In

The Editorial Department

all the topics of the time will candidly, carefully and thoroughly be discussed, but not to the extent of tediousness. The political "leader" will be happily relieved by light and pleasant essays upon social and literary themes, and by piquant paragraphical comments upon current events.

The Latest News.

The enterprise of THE CONSTITUTION in gathering and placing before its readers the latest and freshest intelligence from all parts of the world, which has been frequently illustrated of late on special occasions, when events of absorbing public interest were transpiring, and which has been made the subject of congratulatory comment by both press and people, will suffer no abatement. The natural advantages of the location of THE CONSTITUTION at the political, commercial and news center of the state, together with the special facilities that are the outgrowth of energy, experience and ample resources, will all be utilized for the benefit of its readers. Its dispatches are superior to those of any daily newspaper south of Nashville, and its news is fuller and fresher. In this respect THE CONSTITUTION has

No Rival in Georgia.

It will be the aim of the editors in the future, as it has been in the past, to make their paper in every respect a reflex of Georgia's progress and Georgia's greatness, and a faithful, vigorous and unswerving champion of Georgia's interests.

No effort nor expense will be spared to make THE CONSTITUTION indispensable to the lawyer, merchant, farmer, and politician, and to render it equally welcome in the counting-room and at the fireside. "Old Si" will continue to air his quaint philosophy through its columns, and "Uncle Remus" will occasionally warble one of his plantation songs. The supreme court decisions, matters pertaining to the executive business of the state, and the proceedings of the legislature will all find their amplest and earliest record in the columns of THE CONSTITUTION.

The Weekly Constitution

will be in every respect as newsy and as entertaining as the daily. It will comprise every feature of interest that experience can possibly suggest—a carefully edited *resume* of the latest news from all parts of the world, and matters of political, literary, scientific, agricultural and commercial moment will find in its columns their completest embodiment.

Terms of Subscription.

The terms of subscription are as follows:

Daily Constitution one year, $10 00; six months, $5 00.

Weekly Constitution one year, $2 00; six months, $1 00.

Always payable in advance. Address,

THE CONSTITUTION,

Atlanta, Ga.

THE LIBRARY FAIR.

Upon the pecuniary results of the fair depends not only the growth of the library, but the maintenance of its present degree of efficiency during the coming year. If the outcome of the fair is a handsome sum of money, the rooms of the association will be made even more attractive than they are now, new books will be placed on the shelves and new periodicals on the tables, and the building fund increased. The larger the receipts of the fair, the more attractive and useful will the library be during 1878.

Shall it continue to be an institution worthy of the capital city of Georgia? Shall it be so maintained that visiting strangers can be taken to it without a blush? Shall it become an incentive to similar efforts in other towns in the state? Shall it be a rallying point of our intellectual forces, a center of literary activity, a home of art? Or shall it pass into the slow stage of decay, like many other popular libraries in this section of the country? These questions, citizens of Atlanta, are before you this week—absolutely before you for individual decision. The beautiful rooms can not be maintained by the membership dues. If this fair is not successful, expenses must be reduced, the purchase of new books stopped, and everything else put on short rations. What does this mean? How will it be interpreted by those who are envious of Atlanta?

The fair offers every attraction that a fair ever did. There are refreshment tables for the hungry; schemes of chance for the speculative; dancing for the merry, and a thousand other things for the eye and—of course—the purse. Amusements you must have. The fair offers them in many forms. Go to-night to the opera house, where you can find all that your appetite for recreation demands, while you assist an institution that will, if properly supported, greatly advance the reputation and prosperity of the city.

THE VERDICT OF THE FIGURES.

It is to be feared that Col. Woods, of the Hawkinsville Dispatch, is not altogether satisfied with the results of the recent election, especially with that result which makes Atlanta the permanent capital. This dissatisfaction on the part of our usually genial friend, appears to generate a dark and unwholesome suspicion in his mind that the negroes, who have been overwhelmingly out-voted at every previous election since the era of carpet-bag rule, have suddenly and mysteriously acquired the power to outnumber and overawe the white people of Georgia at the ballot box on an issue in which the question of state economy, convenience, pride and sentiment, was, as had been publicly announced on various occasions, absolutely paramount. The great respect which we entertain for our friend Woods and our interest in his career as a successful journalist have led us to devote more thought to the consideration of the problem that aroused his gloomy and peculiar suspicions than we should otherwise have bestowed upon it.

In the first place then—preparatory to the presentation of our solution of the matter—we think we risk nothing in assuring Colonel Woods that his suspicions are groundless. Radicalism has *not* regained its foothold in Georgia, and the negro vote is as powerless for evil in Georgia as when Governor Colquitt received his majority of eighty thousand votes. It must be remembered that the main contest which the republicans of Georgia made in the recent election, and for which they endeavored to reorganize their enfeebled and distrustful party forces, was against the adoption of the new constitution. This, indeed, was the only party question involved in a campaign in which the capital question was a mere incident. When a republican went to the polls with "no ratification" printed on his ticket, he found himself opposed to a majority of the intelligent and thoughtful people of his community. When he went to he polls with "Atlanta" on his ticket, he found himself voting with the best and most intelligent men of his acquaintance. When the republican leaders concluded to oppose the constitution of 1877, they found themselves squarely opposed to an overwhelming majority of the most distinguished citizens of Georgia. When they concluded to vote for Atlanta as the capital, they found themselves in sympathy with Georgia's most illustrious sons, and a majority of the white voters of the state.

It may be that in his present gloomy and suspicious state of mind, this solution will not be regarded with favor by Colonel Woods, of the Hawkinsville Dispatch, but it will commend itself strongly to his judgment if he will take the trouble to get at the colored vote by running up the figures against ratification. Thus, for instance, in the first congressional district, the vote—not the majority—against the new constitution is about 3,628, while the vote for Atlanta is about 4,815. In the second congressional district, the vote is 6,324 against ratification and 9,916 for Atlanta. Colonel Woods will perceive, moreover, when his eyes become accustomed to the dazzle and glare of the figures that the counties which gave Atlanta her largest majorities—namely, the white counties of northern and northeastern Georgia—also gave the largest majorities for ratification.

A DEPLORABLE STATE OF AFFAIRS.

The Calhoun county editor of the Blakely News in communicating to that paper the horrifying intelligence that Atlanta received a majority of four hundred and eighty-two votes in that county, says: "We believe it was the electioneering of Atlanta that did the work." This is indeed terrible, if it is true, and there seems to be no doubt about it. But are there no extenuating circumstances connected with this lamentable affair? Is it possible that the friends of Atlanta had the hardihood to electioneer in Calhoun, right under the very proboscis (so to speak) of the able Calhoun editor of the Blakely News? If they did they are a good deal naughtier than we thought they were.

THE retirement of Judge Loring, after twenty-five years of service, and the appointment of the notorious Bancroft Davis, make the court of claims solidly republican. There is not a democrat on that bench. The refusal of Justice Clifford to go on the retired list is all that keeps a democrat on the supreme bench.

SIGNOR DEPRETIS, whom the king of Italy has just entrusted with the formation of a cabinet, is the leader of the radicals. In 1875 he was at the head of the Italian cabinet, and his policy then, did not include either an aggressive or a conciliatory movement as to the clericals. He let them alone, and so he will doubtless do now.

THE New York World's correspondent in describing the meeting of Blaine and Conkling under the new protocol of friendship, says their first greeting in the senate chamber lacked only a blue cotton umbrella to be perfectly touching. The new coalition is much talked about. It means mischief.

THE SLAVE DISTRICTS.

The city, or rather the station, of El Paso is the oldest Spanish settlement in northern Mexico. The scene of the active trouble on the Border is about ten miles from El Paso, on a fertile island, which is about 20 miles long. On this island are the towns of Isleta, Socarro and San Elizario. At the last named place the fighting between the mob and the state troops occurred, and there at last accounts the latter were besieged by a mob of Mexicans from both sides of the river. San Elizario is nearly 1,400 miles from the mouth of the Rio Grande, 700 miles from San Antonio, 275 miles from the nearest military post in Texas, and about 100 miles from the nearest post in New Mexico. About 300 men from Fort Bayard, the nearest post, have been ordered to the scene of the difficulty, and other troops will follow, if necessary, from Fort Clark, the nearest Texas post.

The immediate cause of the outbreak relates to the control of a salt lake near San Elizario. The people on both sides of the river had used the lake ever since the settlement of the country; but in 1850 a company of speculators "located" it, and attempted to collect toll from the people for the salt they gathered. The effort was abandoned at the time, and was not renewed until a few months ago, when one Judge Howard was appointed to collect the tolls. He began by killing a Mr. Cardis, who was a local politician and state senator. The desire to have Howard punished and to secure free salt led to the riot at San Elizario. It is difficult to say how much of an invasion it is. The people of El Paso county are of Mexican descent, and the whole affair is so distant and so complicated with neighborhood brawls that it is difficult to ascertain the truth; but undoubtedly a large number of Mexicans from Cheihuahua are engaged in the lawless movements, because they, like the people of El Paso county, have dependen upon the salinas for supplies of salt.

Gov. Hubbard has formally applied to the president for aid "to repel this invasion of our country." This of itself demands prompt action by the federal authorities. It is plain that we are drifting to a condition of affairs on the border that is but the prelude of war. If El Paso county has been invaded by a force of Mexicans, the government cannot act too promptly or too thoroughly, even if war is the only remedy. Texas is organizing a militia force of 2,000, and if the federal troops do not act promptly, the militia will act, and when they act war will be at hand. There has been no change in the orders about United States troops following marauders into Mexico, but simply a modification of them, to the effect that they are not to cross over if there are any Mexican soldiers in sight who can take up the pursuit. But the orders of the war department are special and peremptory in regard to the state troops of Texas, who are forbidden to cross over into Mexico, which none but regular troops will be allowed to do.

THE EMIGRATION DISEASE.

The mania for emigrating to Texas, which seized upon a large number of well-to-do farmers in Georgia a year or so ago, does not yet seem to have spent its force, though its violence is much abated. During the past three or four weeks, scarcely a day has passed that a car load of emigrants has not left the passenger depot in this city. The most of these unfortunate people appear to be industrious and hard working. It is unnecessary to say that they are hopeful. The fact that they are leaving old friends and old associations to cast their lot in unknown regions and among strangers is sufficient evidence of that, as it is also evidence that in their phrenological make up, the organs of cautiousness and discretion are not by any means abnormally developed.

It is utterly useless for the newspapers to deplore the drain that this western fever is making upon the resources of population and labor in Georgia. In the first place the drain is not important enough to make a fuss about, and in the second place the fact might as well be recognized that those who have made up their minds to go are utterly impervious to either reason or ridicule. To a person suffering from an attack of the Texas fever, the circular of a railroad agent, with its frank, free and fervid rhetoric, is worth all the prescriptions of common sense. Moreover, the disease is one that works its own sad cure. Once away from their friends and arrived safely at their destination they find that the Eldorado they have been seeking exists only in the florid style of the author who composed the railroad advertisements that attracted their attention to the delights of living in Texas. As we have said, the disease works its own cure. The first month is devoted to "looking around," the second to "settling," and at the end of the third the man who has been ill, is convalescent enough to begin to devise means for returning. If a trip to the west and return—after a few months' experience in that region—is not a remedy for restlessness then the doctors may as well begin to treat their patient as a tramp.

THE NORTH GEORGIA BLOODED-STOCK AND FAIR ASSOCIATION.

The Macon Telegraph fears that the establishment and organization of the proposed North Georgia Blooded-Stock and Fair Association in Atlanta will practically do away with the annual fairs of the state agricultural society. That depends. It has been demonstrated, however, during the past few years that the exhibition under the auspices of the state society is powerless to compete with the various local fairs held in Georgia every autumn. Some of these local fairs in the extent and variety of their displays, rival, and even surpass, the state fair—notably that of the South Georgia Agricultural and Mechanical Association which is held semi-annually at Thomasville. It is the recognition of this fact that has suggested the organization of the north Georgia blooded stock and fair association. Notwithstanding the title of the proposed association, its exhibitions will be in no sense sectional; on the contrary their scope will be much wider and their displays more varied even than those of the state fair, and it is expected that not only every portion of Georgia, but the west, east and north will contribute thereto. The association need not conflict with the interests of the state society to any greater degree than the South Georgia Fair association, and each alternate year the exhibitions may be held in connection with each other. At any rate, the times seem to demand that Atlanta should have a permanent organization and permanent yearly exhibitions.

ATLANTA will have an opportunity of making a great reputation in Georgia before many months. There won't be a mouthing politician defeated in the state for the next decade, but will attribute his disaster to Atlanta's "influence," and Atlanta and the people will have a good deal of fun altogether.

IN GENERAL.

—George William Curtis says "the president has no sentiment and no scare in him."

—A late dispatch from Europe announces that the Turks will fight till the bitters end.

—Byron is the most popular poet in Brazil, and the native poets have largely formed themselves upon his model.

—Nine senators are natives of Ohio: Dorsey, Voorhees, McDonald, Allison, Plumb, Windom, Jones, Sharon and Matthews.

—The Richmond Whig thinks the James river canal was ruined beyond repairing by the late flood in that state.

—It's consoling in these days, when everything we eat is adulterated, to think that the succulent toothpick still retains its old-time purity.

—Here is a problem for scientists: Why is it that in winter overshoes are called arctic, while they keep us warm; and in summer soda water is called arctic, and keeps us cool.

—Since the inception of the Southern railroad from Cincinnati to Chattanooga there have been enough killings along the line to mark every mile with the skull of a murdered man.

—It was a Philadelphia girl who wanted to know what a leg was when she read that Osman Pasha had been wounded in that portion of his anatomy.

—The police force of Liverpool, England, is composed of twelve hundred men, of an average height of 5 feet 9½ inches, and an average service of nine years and seven months.

—A lot of Frenchmen, Prussians and Englishmen chisseled their names on an ancient Egyptian tomb, and over them all an indignant savant has engraved: "A list of fools."

—Brigham Young's grave is watched constantly by Mormons living for the purpose in tents near the spot. Their vesper song is "We're tenting to-night on the old scamp ground."—Boston Post.

—The capture of the Cuban president some time ago was accomplished in Spain's characteristic way—not by force of arms, but by bribery.

—For fear that John A. Logan should be entirely forgotten we would mention that among the seven pashas captured by the Russians at Plevna there wasn't one who had as fierce a moustache as John's.

—Mary Anderson closes at New York next Saturday, opens for two weeks at DeBar's, St. Louis, to-morrow week, and thence starts on a southern tour, with John W. Norton as manager, coming here in the second week in January. She goes to Europe in June, and will learn French grace in a school at Paris for a period.

—All the fashionables of Rio de Janeiro turned out the other day to see a Sunday bull-fight for the benefit of a local charity, an episode of the performance being a collection for the distressed mother of a national poet.

—A young lover wants to know how high striped stockings come. High striped stockings come just like the other kind. They are woven. If that isn't what he means, let him put a banana cover on the sidewalk or get married, or go home drunk.

—Dr. Laven, of Broadstairs, England, reports that he furnished a little girl with about seven inches square of new skin upon which had been burned. Three hundred "skin-grafts" were used. A few were furnished by several sisters of mercy, but nearly all were taken from a living pig.

—Mary Anderson, the actress, was born at Sacramento, California, on the 28th day of July, 1859; so she is not yet nineteen years old. Her first appearance in public was as "Juliet," at Louisville, Kentucky, November 27, 1875, a little over two years ago. This fact is verified by her stepfather's brother, J. F. Griffen, who resides at Clountienville, Louisiana, and writes it in a note to the New Orleans Picayune.

Who starts a lady friend to meet,
Across the bleak and slimy street,
Shall often lose his cautious feet
From under;

And, striking on the cold, cold stones
With force that threatens broken bones,
Ejaculate in smothered tones
"By thunder!"

—Washington Union

—To the credit of the good taste and judgment of the people, be it said, the baby show speculations are collapsing in all directions, and the prospect now is that they will soon cease to be heard of in any direction. The latest collapse announced is that of the Brooklyn baby show, which was to have been carried on until new year's day, but which came to a ridiculous close on Wednesday evening. The cause assigned for the collapse by the manager was the absence of promised reinforcements from the nurseries of the City of Churches and the failure to obtain remunerative audiences.

—The French laborer probably gets more for his wages than any other. His food is cheaper and more nourishing. His bouillion is the liquid essence of beer at a penny per bowl. His bread at the restaurant is thrown in without any charge, and is the best in the world. His hot coffee and milk is peddled about the streets in the morning at a sou per cup. It is coffee not slops. His half bottle of clarret is thrown in at a meal costing twelve cents. For a few cents he may enjoy an evening's amusement at any of the minor theatres, with his coffee free. Sixpence pays for a nicely cushioned seat at the theatre. No gallery gods, no peanuts, pipe, smoke, drunkenness, yelling or howling. The Jardin des Plantes, the vast galleries and museums of the Louvre, Hotel Cluny, palace of the Luxembourg and Versailles, are free for him to enter. Art and science hold out to him their choicest treasures at small cost, or no cost at all.

POLITICAL COMMENT.

—The "age of chivalry" has come again, and Gordon is its gentle spirit.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat, rep.

—The principals in the Gordon-Conkling quarrel, instead of shaking hands, "mutually simultaneously" hate each other as much as ever.—New York Times, rep.

—When Mr. Evarts counted upon the "logic of politics" keeping Conkling and Blaine apart he seems to have been warning his coat-tails at a cold grate.—New York World, dem.

—If Senator Hill continues his eccentricities upon the silver question he will find, when he rises before the people of Georgia to ask a verdict in his favor, that it will be a down-hill business.—Rome Courier, dem.

—It is a matter of congratulation that General Gordon has re-established the precedent that a senator cannot with impunity transcend the bounds of decency in debate. It is as well that this should be understood at once.—Charleston Journal of Commerce, dem.

—The swells in and around Washington are lamenting the bloodless settlement of the Gordon-Conkling dispute. They would be proud to officiate at any body's duel but their own.—Cincinnati Enquirer, dem.

—It is gratifying to all lovers of peace to know that the difference between Senators Gordon and Conkling have been adjusted. Gordon is one of the bravest of the brave, and no appeal to the code, and no resort to personal violence against even the most arrogant and insolent of senators would increase the love and admiration entertained for him by the people of the south. It is the purpose of Conkling to play the roll of Sumner. Let no senator gratify him! Certainly no southern senator should fall into such a trap.—Mobile Register, dem.

—It would be difficult to find a more quiet, a more peaceably-disposed citizen than Gen. Gordon, of Gordon. By nature an unassuming man, he has been a life-long member of a religious society, doing, if we mistake not, ministerial duty at one time. He is essentially of a conciliatory, compromising disposition. In opinions the most liberal of conservatives, his anxiety for reconciliation and peace has made him almost a partisan defender of the president's policy and motives. Mr. Conkling, on the other hand, is universally recognized as a brow-beating bully. If he was born a gentleman, he does not show his origin either in his speech or manner. His insolence to his own colleagues is the source of much party and personal difficulty. His braggadocio style to all men is insufferable. It is he who plumes himself on "his honah, sah;" who cracks the whip of the slave-driver, and who would lord it over his peers. But the penny trumpets toot the old whine. They have learned only one piece, and they pipe that incessantly.—Louisville Courier-Journal, dem.

—Gen. Gordon, of Georgia, is a candidate for re-election to the senate, and under the benign influences of the pacification policy of Mr. Hayes, he is aware that nothing could so much endear him to his constituents as "an affair of honor" with a man like Mr. Conkling. So far as we are informed, the trouble originated in a very trivial matter. Mr. Conkling said nothing to Mr. Gordon that one gentleman might not say to another, especially in the heat of debate; in fact, Mr. Conkling is the most courteous member of the senate, and would be the last to offend in any respect. Sensible people throughout the country will see in Gordon's gasconading nothing more than a shallow electioneering dodge.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat, rep.

—Conkling, in pursuance of his plans to make himself leader of the republicans in congress, has been cunning enough to make a personal attack on a southern democrat. Of course the northern radical senators will sympathize with Conkling, and sympathy is a step towards the object desired. Conkling wishes to arouse the hostility between the north and the south, so that he may be the leader of the party of hatred and strife. A chance to offend Gordon was sought for and waited for by the audacious Onieda Chief, not because the Georgian had given offense, but because he was a southern democrat of honorable instincts who would not endure a slight or impertinence. An attack on Voorhees or any northern senator would not have answered his well calculated purpose. He wants to provoke the maximum of democratic hostility, anger and abuse against himself. In order to make himself the Ajax of the radicals he invokes and defies democratic thunderbolts. He is the most consummate actor on the senatorial boards.—New Orleans Picayune, dem.

43,946!

THE ANSWER OF THE PEOPLE TO THE CHARGES AGAINST ATLANTA.

The Official Figures in the Late Election—A Sum in Arithmetic that will Bring Tears to the Eyes of Macon and Savannah Editors.

The figures in the following table are carefully compiled from the returns in the secretary of state's office. They give the full vote of the counties in the recent election:

COUNTIES.	Constitution. Ratification.	Constitution. Rejection.	The Capital. Atlanta.	The Capital. Milledgeville.	The Homestead. Of 1877.	The Homestead. Of 1868.
Appling	601	86	90	598	587	87
Baker	494	274	573	209	192	569
Baldwin	1141	678	600	1918	1009	832
Banks	710	69	577	220	640	136
Barrow	1989	346	2007	261	1679	450
Berrien	446	15	27	433	15	429
Bibb	2990	840	358	3071	1794	1250
Brooks	570	436	498	507	512	483
Bryan	282	89	137	344	275	87
Bulloch	696	1	47	634	589	691
Burke	665	1088	1495	257	360	1384
Butts	644	230	767	386	374	538
Calhoun	566	470	765	283	538	489
Camden	78	159	180	56	213	30
Campbell	922	222	1150	9	883	307
Carroll	1573	42	1105	534	1244	171
Catoosa	634	14	752	39	611	122
Charlton	166	0	54	114	141	20
Chatham	2081	504	654	1990	1920	700
Chattahoochee	392	531	300	319	406	28
Chattooga	946	9	946	132	668	267
Cherokee	1079	62	1102	46	1000	125
Clarke	792	639	1070	357	693	717
Clay	313	119	196	234	257	162
Clayton	669	377	1022	28	620	410
Clinch	464	66	167	422	463	120
Cobb	1763	341	2084	83	1742	329
Coffee	413	3	19	439	301	53
Columbia	345	10	188	182	214	91
Coloquitt	141	28	27	150	107	69
Cowetta	1209	1063	2267	71	1148	1144
Crawford	523	187	236	475	396	279
Dade	491	20	507	52	493	28
Dawson	558	14	602	9	459	99
Decatur	790	1230	1264	534	730	1073
DeKalb	1206	209	1466	14	1199	264
Dodge	577	121	322	418	218	396
Dooly	1051	191	940	964	853	255
Dougherty	564	1	908	1062	465	451	1104
Douglass	542	65	597	7	470	87
Early	1115	25	458	708	1105	53
Echols	192	76	105	180	185	78
Effingham	284	87	95	276	275	80
Elbert	1534	26	1344	199	1241	220
Emanuel	529	109	146	513	373	187
Fannin	676	54	289	19	694	43
Fayette	640	248	945	35	503	435
Floyd	1297	481	1651	585	1296	744
Forsyth	1148	17	1091	34	1116	13
Franklin	911	91	511	911	553	508
Fulton	2574	2931	5620	52	2639	2747
Gilmer	803	75	890	5	787	71
Glascock	423	36	84	405	376	108
Glynn	436	399	496	410	395	502
Greene	1043	1203	1735	538	770	1424
Gordon	1510	76	1373	195	1201	162
Gwinnett	1039	65	1165	29	1062	82
Habersham	971	179	511	609	782	183
Hall	1347	87	1396	58	1331	104
Hancock	1036	151	173	1067	960	222
Haralson	527	109	642	21	452	113
Harris	1065	127	990	197	571	582
Heard	555	5	610	17	542	76
Henry	867	558	1367	70	578	765
Houston	1286	1084	1377	993	838	1420
Irwin	275	6	13	271	188	19
Jackson	1495	360	1628	227	1231	462
Jasper	880	354	737	566	680	572
Jeffers'n	821	261	467	659	642	360
Johnson	490	40	67	461	433	40
Jones	914	181	199	919	878	300
Laurens	586	148	164	576	440	177
Lee	570	486	773	285	777	271
Liberty	342	156	197	299	339	193
Lincoln	729	1	447	283	164	14
Lowndes	404	258	336	325	380	264
Lumpkin	724	23	669	69	636	17
Macon	788	445	482	758	429	788
Madison	738	97	339	518	476	153
Marion	899	124	479	582	856	166
McDuffie	637	13	249	405	589	58
McIntosh	92	349	564	9	80	350
M'r'w'h'r	895	668	1380	211	821	733
Miller	449	1	45	412	350	18
Milton	724	6	724	14	631	61
Mitchell	673	549	567	673	480	560
Monroe	1589	1331	1917	999	1130	7731
M'ntg'ry	576	89	324	327	453	160
Morgan	698	1155	1466	388	621	1212
Murray	921	42	970	122	677	227
Muscog'e	1592	485	1229	845	1520	521
Newton	762	649	1384	62	652	732
Oconee	839	268	426	704	374	341
Oglethorpe	1058	136	941	253	846	194
Paulding	1040	65	1093	31	1031	66
Pickens	699	124	809	12	729	86
Pierce	338	121	149	319	329	118
Pike	887	764	1254	414	942	778
Polk	1144	107	1182	108	1019	214
Pulaski	839	213	263	807	719	202
Putnam	1346	84	300	1119	1078	253
Quitman	553	57	330	285	525	79
Rabun	475	10	288	181	437	5
Randolph	945	1398	1545	727	952	1318
Richm'd	3019	1779	3675	2651	1721	3775
Rockdale	604	353	885	68	511	180
Schley	376	137	168	341	307	178
Screven	446	89	94	444	420	106
Spalding	693	930	1411	205	581	984
Stewart	721	688	1019	352	534	814
Sumter	938	613	720	837	768	755
Talbot	622	163	163	513	468	160
Taliaferro	454	155	394	210	408	169
Tatnall	607	108	156	629	590	153
Taylor	629	437	491	600	514	523
Telfair	503	101	169	438	402	182
Terrell	553	79	303	319	502	117
Thomas	783	502	534	775	663	576
Toombs	354	209	354	51	354	80
Towns	811	822	1499	143	659	960
Twiggs	494	171	132	511	100	436
Union	799	7	687	194	774	30
Upson	795	560	957	443	651	687
Walker	1305	75	1256	106	1090	190
Walton	784	338	986	149	753	361
Ware	275	124	162	243	257	133
Warren	8220	361	469	444	473	397
Wash'n	1559	851	1047	1353	999	1178
Wayne	338	52	57	337	339	55
Webster	593	2	393	234	482	71
Wilcox	410	22	91	369	330	46
Wilkes	697	6	518	195	608	49
Wilk'n	1315	7	13	1397	1096	304
Whitfield	1277	71	1256	92	1153	156
Worth	480	188	348	434	503	252

Ratification	110,469
Rejection	40,884
Majority for ratification	69 585
Atlanta	99 147
Milledgeville	55,201
Majority for Atlanta	43,946
Homestead 1877	93,788
Homestead 1868	53,007
Majority for homestead 1877	40,781

ATLANTA.

The Healthful Situation of the City—Its Meteorological Statistics—Very Small Death Rate—Peculiarly Bracing Air—Social Advantages Moral Tone of the City—Refined and Intellectual Society—Small Proportion of Idlers and Loafers—A Liberal and Public Spirited Community—Hospitality of the People—No Political Ostracism—The Meccs of Invalids

Special correspondence of the Detroit Free Press.

ATLANTA, GA., Dec. 10, 1877.

Since the visit of the "northwestern excursionists," some time since, the attention of your people has been greatly aroused as to the advantages of our southern country; and much has been done to give them information as to these advantages. But believing that more specific knowledge on some points would be desirable, I write this letter. The statements

the Constitution.
ATLANTA GA.
NESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER [illegible], 1877

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—Colonel Stovall says there are three journalists in the new legislature. Isn't one of them an editor, or something of that kind?

—A Griffin man proposes that the convict labor of the state be put to work at Stone Mountain for the purpose of getting out granite for a capitol building to last for all time.

—Even the colored people of Augusta are investing in a cotton company. One of these days Augusta, surpassing Lowell in the extent and variety of her manufactories, will erect a monument to the memory of ex-Mayor Est, the projector of the canal enlargement.

—Mr. W. F. Findley has taken editorial charge of the Ginesville North Georgian.

—We copy the following from the pen of Colonel Wilkm H. Me, of the Augusta Evening News, the source of giving [illegible] our hearty endorsement. The colonel is allug to THE CONSTITUTION: 'The best t of the first page of Sunay's paper filled with a long and artfully drawn story, called the 'Georgia Fox Hunt.'

—General Longstreet will take [illegible] of the Piedmont hotel at Gainville.

—The Forsyth Advertiser says that Colonel Bill Harris, the chairman of the democratic executive comitee of Worth county, is reported to be declared that he will call no nominating conventions in that county. In the election on the 5th the independent candidate "set down" heavily on the nominee.

—Columbus continues to complain of the freight discriminations of Central railroad. There is a reply for Columbus. Let the people of that section instruct their representatives to support and sustain the measures from other sections of southwest Georgia, in their efforts to break up the unjust and unjustifiable discriminations of the Wadley combination, and [illegible] will soon perceive a change. Bobtombs, the great volunteer counsel of the people in their suit against monopolies, didn't sit in the recent convention for nothing.

—A falling tree killed a negro in Troup county recently.

—Mr. A. J. Twiggs, a young machinist of Augusta, has just launched a new steamer on the Savannah river. The boat is built on a model of his own invention.

—Thus Colonel Pleas. Stovall: Admitting that the editorial [illegible]broglio between Atlanta and Macon journals is more serious than the Gordon-knabling affair, we still think that if the chromo builder of THE CONSTITUTION will withdraw his shanghai, and servhim up, picked and dressed, to the telegraph Esculapius, further anxiety will be delayed. Let all war maps be filed into table covers and italic type mited into knives and forks!

—An Egyptian encampment on the suburbs is one of the holiday attractions of Macon.

—It is stated that a little son of Mr John L. Linton, of Thomas county, was dragged a considerable distance by his stirrups with a runaway horse while out hunting last week. Mr. Linton being unable to catch the horse, fired both barrels of his gun into him, bringing him down, but only to find that his son had been crushed to death by his bruises.

—The editor of the Meriwether Vindicator misses his guess when [illegible]

—Forsyth Advertiser: Farmers report that they have sowed and are sowing more largely of all grain than ever before. The grains sown is annually increasing and the consequence is that the people are more independent and thrifty. The wheat crop, with favorable weather, will be very large and always sells readily will bring a large amount money at a time when it is difficult to get. We should think that the immense quantities of bread required by the eastern war, would cause wheat to be worth good prices next spring.

—Columbus Times: Mr. James H. Booker seems to be the champion farmer of this section. He made this year sixty odd bales of cotton, one thousand and two hundred bushels of corn, 450 bushels of potatoes; many of which are as large as a man's head—also oats and wheat in proportion. These results are all the more interesting, when we learn that he run a thresh one month during harvest season. We saw in Mr. Booth's pen 25 hogs, which he thinks will net him 3,500 or 4,000 pounds of meat. It will be remembered that this gentleman had all his splendid improvements demolished by the cyclone two years ago. These have been replaced by new buildings equally substantial, convenient and elegant.

—Augusta Chronicle: A number of influential colored men of Augusta have put on foot a movement looking to the establishment of a cotton factory to be located on the Augusta canal. As at present contemplated, the company will have a capital of sixty or fifty thousand dollars. One of the parties with whom a Chronicle reporter conversed on the subject yesterday stated that their principal object in getting up the enterprise was to provide a place of employment for cored youth, where they could be put to work as soon as they leave school. A meeting of colored citizens was held at the residence of one of the number last evening, and definite action in the matter taken. There seems to be no doubt that the promoters of the enterprise are in earnest.

—Forsyth Advertiser: Some months since Mr. John H. Butler of our county, felt constrained to file his petition for voluntary bankruptcy. He was probably "pestered" as some say by creditors who wanted their money. Accordingly his petition was filed, and very fortunately a prudent and safe man, Mr. J. Floyd Childs was appointed assignee. Mr. Childs apportioned for Mr. Butler two hundred and forty-five acres of land and the other property allowed by law. He sold the remaining land and other assets, and on Monday, the 10th inst he called a meeting of the creditors and paid their claims in full. The claims paid amounted to $860. A few others are still to be paid and there is money with which to pay them. Mr Butler certainly must feel gratified that his debts are all paid in full and he can say he owes no man. So much for the prudent management of Mr. Childs.

—Griffin News: H. W Grady as lecturer, and Howard Willims as business manager, will soon start out from Atlanta on a lecturing tour—about the first of January. Their first performance will be given in Columbus, and from there they are to visit Savannah, Macon and Augusta, taking in many of the smaller towns in the state, and if the experiment proves a success they may extend it into the northern and eastern states. Henry Grady has a high reputation as a humorous lecturer, and has always had good houses wherever he has been. Howard Williams is one of the cleverest young men in Georgia, and as he is a successful newspaper man we should say he would be a successful manager of Henry Grady on a lecturing tour, at least he will be able to manage the cash.

—Forsyth Advertiser: We have frequently spoken of the disposition of our people to go to Texas. In addition to those already gone, [illegible]ew others speak of going. [illegible]as. While we regret to [illegible]e must admit that the [illegible]es excuse. They say [illegible]owners and [illegible]bear down [illegible]impossible [illegible]to be [illegible]to ask for [illegible]with [illegible]and [illegible]

DOWN IN DIXIE.

—The Red Stocking Blondes were driven from Memphis by an injunction.

—Galveston News: On the 1st inst., there were belonging to the state prison 1,590 convicts.

—A party of benevolent ladies, calling themselves "the Fifteen Sisters," in Natchez, Mississippi, are endeavoring to raise money to establish an asylum for colored orphans.

—Maryland is to have a convention in Baltimore on the 20th and 21st instant, to consider the tramp nuisance, especially as an annoyance to farmers Hon. Montgomery Blair will preside.

—Senator M. C. Butler, of South Carolina, in a speech at Columbia on the 12th, charged Hayes with throwing the whole weight of the administration and its friends against seating him and in favor of Corbin.

—There is an extensive southern emigration movement going on in Indiana. Last week the third colony left Indianapolis for Mississippi. Over five hundred immigrants are said to have left Indianapolis for Holly Springs, Mississippi, during the year.

—The Wilmington Daily Review was just one year old on Thursday last. It is certainly a well grown yearling, and exhibits signs of being well fed and cared for. May it always find good pasturage and continue to grow until it shall take premiums in every competition.

—The South Carolina senate's committee on federal relations, to whom was referred a concurrent resolution from the house of representatives, relating to the election of Hon. J. J. Patterson to the senate of the United Senate, has reported in favor of laying the resolution upon the table.

—It is highly important that affections of the Throat, Lungs or Bronchial Tubes, should be checked at once, and for this purpose nothing equals Dr. Ball's Cough Syrup.

Whew!

For Heaven's sake use SOZODONT and sweeten your breath. It will never be fragrant so long as you allow your teeth to remain in that disordered and unhealthy condition. Besides, they will impregnate your food, and give you the dyspepsia. dec18 deod1w&cw1t

Dr. Tutt's Pills.

TUTT'S PILLS.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of Modern Times.

Recommended by Physicians. Indorsed by Clergymen.

These Pills have gained a popularity unparalleled. Druggists everywhere say their sale is unprecedented.

The Reason is Obvious.

They are no worthless nostrum, puffed up to deceive the credulous, but are the result of long research, by a chemist and physician of thirty years' experience, who values his reputation more than gold.

What Tutt's Pills will do.

THEY CURE Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Piles, Fever & Ague, and Wind Colic.
THEY CURE Sick Headache, Foul Breath, Jaundice, Flatulence, and Indigestion.
THEY GIVE Appetite, Flesh to the Body, and Good Low Spirits.
THEY ACT on the Blood, and remove all impurities.
THEY CURE Gout, Rheumatism, and Kidney Disease.
THEY CURE Dizziness, Heartburn, and Bilious Colic.
THEY CAUSE the food to assimilate, and nourish the body.
THEY CURE Nervousness, and give refreshing Sleep.
THEY ARE Invaluable for Female Irregularities.
THEY ARE the best Family Medicine ever discovered.
THEY ARE harmless, and always reliable.

Sold everywhere. 25 Cents a Box. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

dtu&w1y

WATER RENTS.

At a meeting of the Water Commissioners held November 21st, the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That from and after the first day of January, 1878, all contracts for the use of water shall be made with the owners of property, and not with tenants, that all bills for the use of water shall be collected from the landlords; and if they refuse to pay the same, the Superintendent shall shut off the water from the premises.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolution be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION once a week for four weeks; so that landlords may have time to make the necessary arrangements with their tenants. J. W. CULPEPPER, Secretary.

773 nov21...d1aw4w fri

N. R. FOWLER.....Auctioneer

Administratrix's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, will be sold before the Court House door of said county, on the first Tuesday in January, 1878, within the legal hours of sale, the following real estate belonging to the estate of Allen E. Johnson, late of said county, deceased, to wit:

Ten (10) acres, more or less, of land lot number nineteen (19) of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, subdivide into thirty three (33) city lots as per printed plats of said property. Nine (9) lots fronting seventy (70) feet each on the south side of East Morris street, and nine (9) lots fronting on the north side of Mayson street all running back one hundred and forty-two (142) feet, more or less.

Also nine (9) lots fronting seventy (70) feet each, more or less, on the south side of Mayson street, six of which run back 149 feet, more or less, and the other three 200, 147 and 83 feet to Air-Line Railroad.

Also, four (4) lots fronting seventy (70) feet each, more or less, on north side of East Harris street, running back 149 feet, more or less.

Also, one lot fronting on Harris street and Air-Line Railroad and running back to lots 10 and 11.

Also, one triangular lot east of said railroad.

The above lots are located easterly of the residences of E. Hulbert and Dr Hitchcock, on high commanding ground, and will be sold, one with privilege of more to suit purchaser.

The property belongs to M. J. Johnson and D. C. Doane, and sold for distribution. Titles good.

Terms—Half cash; balance 3 and 6 months, with interest.

Plats at N. R. Fowler's office.

MRS. M. J. JOHNSON,
Atlanta, Nov. 19, 1877. Administratrix.
38tecs...tt dec2 16 23 30 jan1

LAST CHANCE!

Buy Your Tickets Now

THE DAY APPROACHING FOR THE Second Grand Drawing of the COMMONWEALTH Prize Distribution Comp'y

(Under Act of Legislature of Kentucky)

Drawing Positively on DECEMBER 31, 1877,

or Money Returned in full to the buyers.

$320,000 CASH IN PRIZES.

$50,000, $20,000, $10,000, $5,000 $3,000, $2,000.

and Seven Thousand others.

Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, Louisville, Depositary.

Tickets only $10; Halves, $5; Quarters, $2 50.

Official list of drawing will be published in NEW YORK HERALD and LOUISVILLE COURIER JOURNAL, and mailed gratis to all buyers.

Address G. W. BARROW & CO., General Managers, Courier-Journal Building, LOUISVILLE, KY.

AGENTS WANTED FOR A CIRCULAR.

631 oct31...d nov7,10,14,21,28,28 dec1,8,11,15,15 15,20,22,29 wklynov7&11 dec8,12&19

G. W. ADAIR, Auc tioneer.

By authority of an order from the Judge of the Superior Court, will be sold at the court house door in the city of Atlanta, and county of Fulton, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in January, 1878, a certain tract or portion of land situated and lying in said city in land lots 84 and 85, bounded by Peters streets on the northwest, Hecto and Western on southeast, and Joyner street on south; and property of W. A. Lowe on northeast, as per plat shown by posters on sale day. Sold for distribution as position for division by owners. Terms cash.

G. W. ADAIR,
HENRY HILLYER,
WM. H. THOMSON,
Commissioners.

nov28 ...tuwkw

1877. 1878.

POPPLIEN'S,

WANDO AND L. & R.

GUANOS!!

MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.,

Who have moved to their New Stand in Centennial Building,

No. 9 Whitehall St.,

NEAR RAILROAD CROSSING.

OFFER TO THE PLANTING PUBLIC THE ABOVE BRANDS OF RELIABLE FERTILIZERS

POPPLIEN'S

is a new and scientifically prepared Fertilizer, especially adapted to WHEAT and grain in general and we look for fine results from it.

The manufacturers of Popplien's Wheat Fertilizer will also have ready other preparations for Cotton and Vegetables early in January.

Wando Acid Phosphate and L. & R. Dissolved Bone

are both valuable for Compositing with Cotton Seed, Lot Manures, &c., and are now ready for delivery on favorable terms.

SUNDRIES.

Our line is necessarily so extensive that we must enumerate under the head of Sundries the following:

STEAM ENGINES,

Among which are the celebrated Dry Steam "Climax" and Clippers, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Mill Rock, Bolting Cloths, Smut Machines, Churns, Corn Shellers, Wheel Barrows, Harrows, Cultivators Sulkey and Gang Plows, Batman's Celebrated Universal Stocks. Also, Sweeps, Shovels, Scooters, &c., Oliver Chilled Plows, Feed Cutters, Hoes, Rakes, Well Houses, Force Pumps, &c.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

We keep in their proper seasons an extensive assortment of Garden, Field and Flower Seed Bulbs Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, &c.

And we now offer

1000 bushels Red Rust Proof Oats,
100 bushels Georgia Barley,
500 bushels Orchard Grass,
275 bushels Kentucky Red Clover,
400 bushels Herds or Red Top Grass,
250 bushels Blue Grass,
150 bushels Timothy,
100 bushels Seed Wheat---Georgia grown,
500 bushels Red Clover Seed,
150 bushels White and Yellow Onion Sets,
100 bushels Onion Buttons.

—ALSO—

Hyacinths, Tulips,
Crocus, Narcissus,
Crown Imperials, Rananculus,
Anemones, Polyanthus, &c.
Jonquills,

So, you see we have all the Farm and Garden needs, from the Mammoth Steam Engine to the beautiful and charming little Crocus.

Call and see us or send for Price Lists of any article you may desire.

MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

9 dec1...d

Watches Jewelry Etc.

ESTABLISHED IN 1850.

AN ATLANTA INSTITUTION EVER SINCE.

ER LAWSHE

The Old Reliable Jeweler

HAS ON HAND A FULL LINE OF

WATCHES,

THE HANDSOMEST STOCK OF

SILVER WARE

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

DIAMONDS,

The Most Extensive Stock of Clocks,

THE BEST SPECTACLES.

The Largest General Stock of Goods Kept in any Jewelry Store in Atlanta at Prices as

LOW AS THE LOWEST,

—AND—

GOOD AS THE BEST.

A Good Stock of Watchmakers' Tools and Materials.

Repairing Done by Competent Workmen.

Whitehall Street, No. 47.

nov28...tdaw

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of the power conferred on me by a deed of trust made by Mary C. Kimball on the first day of February, 1877, I will sell on Wednesday, the (13th) thirteenth day of February, 1878, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and two in the afternoon, at the Pryor street entrance of the Kimball house, in the city of Atlanta, state of Georgia, at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit: An undivided interest of one third in and to certain lots of land in the city of Atlanta, county of Georgia, fronting one hundred and nine feet on formerly Railroad now Wall street, two hundred and ten feet on Pryor street, one hundred and sixty-three feet on Decatur street, and running thence, on an irregular line, to the beginning, and embracing all the land on which "The H. I. Kimball house" stands; except the two lots leased by said H. I. Kimball from John P. King and Richard Peters; which irregular line runs as follows: running along the east boundary of the lot known as the Turf Exchange, south, to Engine Lot, thence along its north line to Powell Lot, thence south to Peters' Flicken Store, thence east, with lines of Engine Lot alley and Kimball house purchased lots, about fifty-four feet, thence south on Thompson line to Railroad now Wall street, so as to embrace the Engine and Smoke Stack lot; and also, an undivided interest of one-third in and to a leasehold interest for ninety-nine years from the first day of October, 1870, to the following described property, to-wit: the two lots leased by H. I. Kimball from Richard Peters and John P. King, on which part of said "H. I. Kimball house" stands, and which together form a parallelogram fronting on said Railroad or Wall street, fifty-four feet, and running back one hundred and five feet, said parallelogram being on the southwest corner of the Kimball house; and also an undivided interest of one-third in and to all the furniture in said "Kimball house." This, December 3, 1877.

JOHN L. HOPKINS, Trustee.

113 dec4 dtd

Lott ries

Havana Royal Lottery.

Grand Extraordinary Drawing

Will Take Place, Dec. 31, 1877.

Capital Prize, - - $500,000

Only 18,000 Tickets,

2346 Prizes and

$1,350,000 in Money.

Information Furnished, Orders Filled, Prizes Cashed. Spanish Gold and Havana Bank Bought and Sold,

F. MASICH,

No. 42 Decatur Street New Orleans, La.

000 nov25...d1mo sun wed

The Last Chance!

IN 1877.

HAVANA ROYAL LOTTERY.

Grand Extraordinary Drawings

Will Take Place, Dec. 31, 1877.

Only 18000 Tickets,

and 2346 Prizes!

Capital Prize, $500,000.

Total Amount of Prizes.....$1,350 000

We only guarantee those tickets obtained through us to be genuine.

Send your orders and call for plans to

BORNIO & BROTHER,

Oldest Agents for the South. New Orleans, La.

oc 25—d2m fri sun wed

Crockery.

MERCHANTS

You can find Bargains in

Staple Crockery, Lamps

—AT—

DOLLS,

—AND—

McBRIDE'S

China, Dinner and Tea Sets.

MAKE your wife a Christmas present. Go to McBride's and you will find just what you want.

The prettiest stock of Tea, Dinner and Toilet Sets in the State.

The cheapest Motto Cups, Mugs and Vases at McBride's.

249 nov17...1y

W. B. GUIMARIN

Practical Plumber & Gas Fitter.

DESIRE to say to my friends and the public generally that I have my shop at Middleton & Bro.'s old stand, 50 Broad street, where I am prepared to do all kind of work in my line of business.

Any amount of bond can be given to insure any work as being responsible, and many references of necessary as to my Practicability. Therefore, being a practical Plumber, I can do your first class work, and doing the work personally, I can do it cheap. First class work solicited. Parties who have been greatly troubled with their water pipes will do well to give me a call, as I make such work a specialty. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction or no pay. When absent from shop leave your name and order with Mr. Patterson in machine shop.

348 dec16 d1w

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

—FOR—

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption

The few compositions, which have won the confidence of mankind and become house hold words, are not only one but many nations, must have extraordinary Virtues. Perhaps no one ever secured so wide a reputation, or maintained it so long as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It has been known to the public about forty years, and during a long and continued series of marvelous cures, that have won for it a confidence in its virtues, never equalled by any other medicine. It still makes the most effectual cures of *Coughs, Colds, Consumption*, that can be made by medical skill. Indeed, the CHERRY PECTORAL has really robbed these dangerous diseases of their terrors to a great extent, and given a feeling of immunity from their fatal effects, that is well founded if the remedy is taken in season. Every family should have in their closet for the ready and prompt relief of its members. Sickness, suffering and even life is saved by this timely protection. The prudent should not neglect it and the wise will not. Keep it by you for the protection it affords by its timely use in sudden attacks.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO.,

LOWELL, MASS.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

444 dec18...d&w2m tues fri

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of John H. Ponder, Sen., Bankrupt.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed assignee of the estate of John H. Ponder, Sen., of Walnut Grove, Walton county, Georgia, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by said Court, December 10th, 1877.

SAMUEL H. BRODNAX, Assignee,
Walnut Grove, Georgia.

274 dec12...d1aw3w

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of Cox & Hill, Assignees of fi. fa., in the following case, to-wit:

James Buell vs. W. R. Phillips & Co. I have levied upon as the property of William R. Phillips part of land lot No one hundred and seventy-four (174) to-wit: Sixty acres more or less, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, and state of Georgia, being the northwest portion of said land lot; bounded on the east by Goodwin and Wallace's lands, north by Elliott's land, west by Webb's land, and south by Fain's land. Property pointed out by attorney for assignees, and will sell the same at public auction, at the court house in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton and state of Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, December 1st, 1877.

WILLIAM H. SMYTHE,
United States Marshal.

37 dec2-1aw3t

MANCHESTER

Locomotive Works,

ESTABLISHED IN 1838,

Manufacture all kinds of Locomotives, and have recently purchased of the Smokeag Manufacturing Company all the patterns, patent, and the good will for the manufacture of their celebrated Steam Fire Engines and Fire Apparatus, and are now prepared to receive and execute orders promptly. Send for descriptive circular

ARETAS BLOOD, Agent,
575 nov21,1877...d1y Manchester, N. H.

THE BEST:—THE CHEAPEST.

THE AMERICAN SOFT CAPSULE COMPANY'S PURE CLARIFIED MEDICINES.

In METALLIC BOXES. Full directions for use.

Castor Oil, Codliver Oil..... 25c
Oil Turpentine, Balsam Copaiba..... 25c
Oil of Cubebs with Copaiba 50c
Oil Male Fern with Kamala 75c
Finest Oil of Sandalwood, $1 00

ASK FOR THE AMERICA

STAR TRADE-MARK, and see you get it.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

77 nov30...d1m

Executor's Sale.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—By virtue of authority contained in the last will and testament of George Foster, late of said county, deceased, I will sell before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, in said county, on the first Tuesday in January, 1878, the following described real estate, to wit: All of that city lot whereon the said deceased resided at the time of his death, situated, lying and being in the third ward of the city of Atlanta, the same being on the corner of Jones and Frazier street fronting 207 feet more or less on Jones street and 100 feet, more or less, on Frazier street, and having situated thereon a two-story dwelling with eight rooms, beside store room, etc., and outbuildings. This property is centrally located and desirable as a place of residence. For a more minute description see plats of the property, which will be circulated before and on the day of sale.

Said as the property of said deceased for the purpose of paying debts of said deceased and for distribution. Terms cash.

R. F. ABBOTT, Executor.
19 dec 4 lawtw 49 Whitehall street.

Railroad Schedules.

Central & Southwestern RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA., November 11, 1877.

On and after Sunday, November 11, 1877 passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:

TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST

Leaves Savannah	9 30 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 15 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	9 16 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	6 02 a m
Leave Macon for Eufaula (Accommodation)	9 00 p m
Arrives at Eufaula	9 55 a m
Leave Macon for Columbus (Accommodation)	8 00 p m
Arrives at Columbus	4 35 a m

Making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic railroad for all points North and West.

Eufaula Accommodation leaves Macon daily except Saturday.

Columbus Accommodation train runs daily, except Sunday

GOING SOUTH AND WEST.

Leaves Atlanta	10 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	5 45 a m
Leaves Eufaula (Accommodation)	6 00 p m
Arrives Macon (Accommodation)	6 45 a m
Leave Columbus (Accommodation)	8 15 p m
Arrives at Macon	5 15 a m
Leaves Macon	7 00 a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	4 00 p m
Leaves Augusta	9 15 a m

Making connections at Atlanta for the North and East, and at Savannah with the Atlantic and Gulf railroad for all points in Florida.

Eufaula Accommodation leaves Eufaula daily except Sunday.

Columbus Accommodation train runs daily, except Sunday.

TRAIN NO. 3—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Arrives at Augusta	6 00 a m
Leaves Augusta	8 05 p m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Macon	8 00 a m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	2 45 p m
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eufaula	8 30 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	3 46 p m
Arrives at Albany	1 50 p m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	11 55 a m
Arrives at Columbus	4 00 p m

Trains on this schedule for Macon, Atlanta, Columbus, Eufaula and Albany daily making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic, and at Augusta and Richmond Air-Line; at Eufaula with Montgomery and Eufaula railroads, at Columbus with Western and Mobile and Girard Railroad.

Train on Blakeley Extension leaves Albany Monday, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	1 40 p m
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta	6 35 p m
Leaves Albany	10 30 a m
Leaves Eufaula	8 30 a m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaula & Albany	4 47 p m
Leaves Columbus	11 99 a m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus	8 58 p m
Leaves at Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives at Augusta	8 05 p m
Arrives at Savannah	7 15 a m

Making connection at Savannah with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No. 2 from Savannah and train No. 1 from Macon, which trains connect daily, except Monday, for these points.

WILLIAM ROGERS,
General Supt. Central Railroad, Savannah
W. J. RAOUL,
Supt. Southwestern Railroad, Macon

Security Oil.

C. WEST & SONS' ALADDIN SECURITY OIL,

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD OIL IN USE.

Warranted 150 Degrees Fire-Test.

WATER WHITE IN COLOR.

Fully Deodorized.

WILL NOT EXPLODE

HIGHEST AWARD

Centennial Exposition

For Excellence of Manufacture AND HIGH FIRE TEST.

Endorsed by the Insurance Companies.

Read this Certificate—One of Many.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF BALTIMORE, Baltimore, Dec. 25d, 1874.—*Messrs. C. West & Sons,—Gentlemen:* Having used the various oils sold in this city for illuminating purposes, I take pleasure in recommending your "Aladdin Security Oil" as the *safest and best* ever used in our household. Yours truly,

[Signed] ANDREW REESE, President.

Manufactured by

C. WEST & SONS, Baltimore.

Try it, and you will use no other.

484 sep26...d6mo

important to Parents and Guardians

MOUNT DE CHANTAL

Academy of the Visitation

NEAR WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.

PARENTS in quest of a first class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of the celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their recreation hours. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this Institution have been a subject of surprise to thy native Parisian. The renown for the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made the Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular, that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.

These facts, united by the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($200 per annum) will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.

For further particulars apply for a prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy P. O. Wheeling, West Virginia.

Refer to John H. Flynn, W. S. Thomson and General W. S. Walker.

488 apr14 d&w&wed,to,june30, 187

High School for Boys

—AT—

CAVE SPRING, GA.

THE Exercises of HEARN SHCOOL will be resumed August 27th, 1877. The Fall Term closes December 14th. The Spring Term opens January 7th, and closes June 26th, 1878.

Tuition for the year, $20, $30 or $40. Incidental expenses $3 00. Board with the Principal, exclusive of washing and towels, at $10 per month. Prizes will be awarded in English, Latin, Greek and Mathematics. Surveying will be practically taught. Students will be prepared for the Higher Classes in College or Entrance into Business.

Prize Declamation June 28. For circulars or other information, address

PALEMON J. KING, A. M.

330 dec15-d1w1mo

For Sale.

ON the 22d December, at Bryant's Cross Roads, now Ben Hill Post-office, six acres of ground, a good store house, well fitted up for dry goods or groceries; a good shoe shop. Also, 75,000 brick on the ground ready for building. The six acres is under a good fence. Will be sold at auction. Come one, come all and get a bargain.

264 dec12...dtd THOMAS HOGAN.

Atlantic Coast Line,

NEW YORK, December 15, 1877.

THE bridge across Roanoke river will be completed, and trains pass over it on the 20th inst. Freight is shipped via this line, to the Northward or Southward, on and after Monday, the 17th, will be forwarded with our usual promptness.

A. PIPE,
General Freight Agent.

394 dec16...3t

Stockholders Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Castle Rock Coal Company of Georgia, will be held at the office of the President, Room No. 7, Kidd's Centennial Building, in the city of Atlanta, on the third Wednesday in January, 1878. JULIUS L. BROWN,

289 dec18...d1mo President

Cotton Machinery for Sale.

WE have for sale the Machinery of the Franklin Cotton Factory, in this city, consisting principally of the following: 48 Thirty-inch (Patterson, N. J.) Carding-machines, Workers and Strippers, Tickers and Top Slats; 4 ball Heads (Mason's make); 2 Drawing-frames, sufficient to take the product of the Cards with Traverse Grinders, suitable for the same; 2 Slubbers, or Coarse speeders 60 Spindles each (Thos. Hill, Providence, R. I.); 4 Inch Fly Frames, 100 Spindles each; 27 English Throstles, 140 Spindles on frames; 3 Spoolers 150 Spindles, with Bobbins, etc.; 6 Warpers, together with a large lot of Section Beams for same; 1 Bandin-machine; 12 Self-acting Mules, 416 Spindles each (Mason's Pattern), 6 Dressing machines, with large lot of centertins for same; 184 One-yard wide Looms, with a large lot of Harness, Shuttles, Pickers, and Steel Slays; 1 Cloth Trimmer; 1 Cloth Press, for baling by steam and water power; 2 Engine Lathes; 1 Wood-turning Lathe; 1 Upright Drilling machine; 1 Wood turning Machine; Tools for covering Rollers, besides a large lot of Blacksmiths', Machinists', and Carpenters' Tools, suitable for keeping up the repairs of such an establishment; 8 double-flued steam Boilers, in two batteries, extra heavy iron, 42 inches diameter, 34 feet one, with Fire-fronts, Stands, Grate-bars, Steam Drums, and Pipes, Heaters, etc., etc.; 1 Steam Doctor, or Pumping engine; 1 pair Steam engines, on cast iron frames (Lane & Bodley's make), Cylinders 15 inches diameter, 54 inches stroke. All the necessary Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, and Belting for running each machine separately or together. All the foregoing machinery has been built in the best and most substantial manner, without regard to cost: is now in perfect running order, and will be offered until the first of January next, at a great sacrifice in price, and on UNUSUALLY FAVORABLE TERMS.

W. C. DAVIS & CO.,

287 dec13...d4w wed sat Cincinnati.

MILITARY CLOTHING.

ESTABLISHED 1824.

The oldest Military Clothing House in the United States. Long and favorably known in the southern trade.

JACOB REED'S SONS,

301, 303 and 305 S. SECOND STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Military Companies, Bands and Colleges uniformed at the shortest notice. Satisfaction guaranteed in Cut, Style and Trimming. Prices reasonable.

Lithographs and directions for measurement with samples of goods, &c., furnished on application.

485 oct27...d&w1m

Rowland Springs.

ROWLAND SPRINGS HYGIENIC INSTITUTE.

Open for Invalid and Hygienic Resorters.

The only Institute South superintended by a regularly qualified Hygienic Physician. It is not a summer resort for the gay and fashionable world—but a place where the sick may, at any and all times of the year, depend upon *quiet, rest* and *home-like* surroundings. Neither is it (as erroneously applied and often understood by Hygienic) a *Water Bath* establishment proposing to cure all diseases by inducing excessive action of the organs of the Skin, but a place where all *real remedial* appliances are judiciously employed as aids in restoring to life, after being drugged and dosed almost to death—and given up as incurable by the empathic professions—have been speedily and completely restored to health.

Home Prescriptions. Many persons unable to leave family or business, can, by a little knowledge and right treatment, be restored to health at home. Prescription and advice forwarded on reception of full description of symptoms and duration of disease. Prescription fee $5 00. For circulars and further information address

Dr. U. O. ROBERTSON,
731 nov28—d7m Cartersville, Ga.

Relief for the Afflicted.

DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams), Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS is positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Gravitis, Hernia, or Rupture, Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 9 to 4 P. M.

223 aug5 d&wly

Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life restores manhood and the vigor of youth to the most shattered constitution in 4 weeks, from whatever cause arising. Failure impossible. Beware of advertisers who offer so-called Free Prescriptions that are useless, and finally prove ruinously expensive. Whatever has merit must cost a fair price. $3 per case. Sent by express anywhere. Sole Agent, Dr. JOS. JACQUES, 7 University Place, New York. Druggists supplied.

61 aug5,1877...d1y

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE REMOVED.

Happy Relief to Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. An Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

834 may15...d1yr

A PHYSIOLOGICAL View of Marriage!

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A Guide to Wedlock and confidential Treatise on the duties of marriage and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and the Diseases of Women. A book for private, considerate reading. 200 pages, price 50 cts.

A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!

On all disorders of a Private Nature arising from Self Abuse, Excesses, or Secret Diseases, with the best means of cure. 96 large pages, price 50 c

PREFERRED LOCALS.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
WM. McDAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen of our "brown." mar29-2tf

W. G. ASHLEY,
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Builders' Hardware, &c., 28 Broad Street.
265 july13...d1f

W. JENNINGS & CO.
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Locks, Hinges Paints, &c., 28 Decatur Street.
819 july31...d6m f o i

LADIES,
We have just received our third instalment of
DOMESTIC FASHIONS for WINTER OF 1877.
ELEGANCE OF STYLE,
CERTAINTY OF FIT,
ECONOMY OF MATERIAL,
Guaranteed in every case or money refunded.
We carry a larger stock of these goods than all others in the State, together.
CRAIGE & CO,
31 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.
873 mar30...d1y dec16...

LONGLEY & ROBINSON.
Doors, Sash and Blinds, cheaper than the cheapest. 18 Loyd street, Markham House. 425 dec18...d1w

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Grocery store for sale—E A Thomas & Co.
150 barrels choice apples—R J Griffin.
Jewelers—J P Stevens & Co.
Gold pens—Phillips & Crew.
Wagons, etc., at auction—McMillen & Olcott
Money to loan—Abbott & Kendrick.
Necklace lost—Solomonson.
Unclaimed freight sale—W W Hulbert.
Andrews' bazar—W R Andrews.
Turkish bath—Dr Jno Stainback Wilson.
Shadow lantern—Phillips & Crew.
Diamond exhibition—J P Stevens & Co.
Bananas and cocoanuts—Hannon & Anrley.
Dr Bull's Cough Syrup.
Dooley's Yeast Powder.
Notice in bankruptcy—A E Buck.
50 barrels prime apples—H T Cox & Co,
Rare chance—K A Thomas & Co.
Dwelling for rent—J F Burke.
Magic mirrors—Hulhp6 & Crew.
To printers—Franklin Printing House.
Jewelry—J P Stevens & Co.
Horses and mules at auction to-day—D P Ellis & Co,
Auction sale of groceries to merchants—D P Ellis & Co.
Second Baptist Supper postponed to Friday night.

J. P. Stevens & Co.

JEWELERS,

Have opened their immense stock of Solid Silver and Plated Ware.

These goods are fresh from the factories, representing the newest patterns, and have been selected with a special view to the holiday trade. Call and inspect their display before purchasing elsewhere.

900 dec19...dtf un index

Smith's Worm Oil.
ATHENS, GA., December 8, 1877.
A few nights since, I gave my son one dose of the Worm Oil, and the next day he passed sixteen large worms. At the same time I gave one dose to my little girl, four years, and she passed 86 worms, from 4 to 15 inches long.
W. F. PHILLIPS.
The Worm Oil can be had at the Live Drug Store, 26 Whitehall street. Twelve bottles to be given away. 389 dec16...d4sun 4weds

Merchants, go to Hagan's for Nuts, Fruits, Candies, Prize Packages, Pickles, Jellies, Mince Meat, Fruit Butters and delicacies of all kinds. 248dec9...tf

Elegant sets Episcopal prayer and hymnals from $1 50 to $5, at
421 dec18...1t LYNCH & THORNTON'S

Peters' buttef at 98 Whitehall street.
372 dec16 1w JOHN W. STOKES.

Calfornia Pears at Corput's Ice House. 227 nov10...d3tawtf

Smith's Worm Oil.
ATHENS, GA., October 24th, 1877.
Dear Sir: Last night I called at the New Drug Store, Dr. King's old stand, and bought a bottle of "Worm Oil," and gave it to my little boy as directed. This morning he passed thirty-one worms. I had previously tried other worm medicines. W. A. BAIN.
The Worm Oil can be had at the Live Drug Store, 26 Whitehall street,
Twelve bottle to be given away.
389 dec16...d4 sun 4wed.

Currants, raisins and citron, at
372 dec16 1w JNO. W. STOKES'

Fancy Candies, Prize Packages Raisins, Figs, Citron, Currant, etc., etc., at 94 and 119 Whitehall street. JNO. T. HAGAN.
248dec6...tf

A fresh arrival of Irish and Scotch style oatmeal and cracked wheat, just received at 98 Whitehall street.
373 dec16 1w JOHN W. STOKES.

Toys, Toys, Toys.
A fine assortment at Hagan's.
248 dec9...tf

The largest stock of Christmas groceries in the city, at 98 Whitehall street.
372 dec16 1w JOHN W. STOKES.

Toy wagons, doll carriages and notion goods in great variety at Hagan's.
248 dec9...tf

Oysters received daily at Corput's Ice House at 25 cents per quart.
227 nov10...d3tawtf

Christmas goods in great variety at 94 and 119 Whitehall street.
248 dec9...tf JNO. T. HAGAN.

The Age of Competition.
In this day of the world competition is active in the extreme. But in the long run it's the best which wins the prize of public preference in spite of all the deceits used to bolster up weak articles. For this reason DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER is recognized as the highest possible achievement in baking powder.

Go to Law's for Xmas presents, Parlor Lamps, China Vases and Toilet Sets.
370 dec16 d1w

Don't buy any China, Glass, Cutlery, Lamps, Vases, etc., till you price mine.
J. H. LAW, Agent,
370 dec16 d1w 28 Whitehall street.

A large lot of Vases and Toilet Sets just received at Law's. 370 dec16 d1w

Beautiful Chamber Sets, Tea Sets and Vases, at Law's, 370 dec16 d1w

—Hobble and limp no more, but hang your crutches on the oaken peg, and seize the first opportunity to be permanently cured. Your Rheumatism, Contracted muscles, Stiff Joints, Frosted Feet, Headache, Earache, Pain in breast side and back, will yield to that powerful remedy, long and favorably known as Consens' Lightning Liniment, which is good for both man and beast. Price 50 cents a bottle.
E. M. Berry and Collier & Co., Agents in Atlanta.
441 mar3...deowly&weowly 2

—All those suffering with Hemorrhoids, or Piles, can safely rely on being permanently cured if they will use Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment, which is sold by all Druggists for 50 cents a bottle.
E. M. Berry and Collier & Co., Agents in Atlanta.
...owly&weowly 2

...rino Vests at 50 ...10 cents. ...cents and ...por-

GEORGIA THE BEST!

COL. S. B. SPENCER'S VIEWS ON TEXAS, THE LAND OF PROMISE.

He Sticks to Georgia as the Coming State—A Wonderful Flood of Truths—Stay at Home, Georgians—Sensible Common Sense Talk.

It will be remembered that during last March Colonel S. B. Spencer, ex-mayor of Atlanta, packed up his effects and moved out to Texas. On last Monday he returned to Atlanta without his effects!

His story of Texas life is a rich one. He certainly realized, while out there, the yearnings of that poor fellow who ran away from his father to go to Texas, and after being there for a year or so, telegraphed back, "Prepare the fatted calf for me."

Colonel Spencer is a man of fine abilities, undoubted talent, tireless energy and unblemished character. No man was better calculated to give Texas and its vast outcome a fair trial than he. His words are consequently of practical importance, and may be called fitting

"APPLES OF GOLD IN PICTURES OF SILVER."

We found the distinguished returnee reclining on a couch in his room.

"Colonel, can you give me for publication some reasons why a Georgian should not emigrate to Texas?"

"Well, sir," replied the colonel, with that grim humor that is his characteristic, "I do not know that I could give you a better reason than I furnish in myself. Look at me. Here's a good reason for not leaving Georgia for Texas"

"You had bad luck out there, didn't you?"

"Yes, sir, I did. I reminded myself of the fellow who went to California to make a fortune digging gold, and wound up by washing clothes for the miners until he had scooped together enough money to bring him home. I didn't do quite that badly. I went to Texas to practice law with a good firm. Both of the partners were invalids. I soon found that the business, while large, was a great deal of it criminal and pauper business. The best run of work was the practice among the cattle drovers of the western counties. These were called "cow-boys" and good patrons. But it was the wildest circuit that ever a man rode. It would take you a month to reach your court, and your life was in perpetual danger. If you pressed a prosecution against some fellow, he would shoot you, or if he didn't want to do it himself, might have it done for $5 by some dirty and undistinguishable Mexican. I felt that it was not the sort of business that a man at my time of life should try to build up. Consequently I gave it up. I went to San Antonio and thought I would try it there. I commenced editing a daily paper, and was doing very well, when I found that

THE DEPRESSING, ENERVATING CLIMATE

was killing my wife. In that city there is actually ten months of summer every year. It just takes all the energy out of a man. While there I met a friend, who had been to school to me in Southwestern Georgia, and he told me if I would go to Dallas, I could get a good school. I went to Dallas; and soon had a school that would have paid about $1 800 a year, but I found everything so unsettled that I determined to come back to Georgia. And here I am, heartily home-sick, and determined never to play truant to this great old state again."

SOME WORDS THAT SHOULD BE FRAMED

"What are the advantages that Georgia has over Texas?"

"Why, nearly every advantage. In the first place, let me tell you this. When a man finds it hard to get along at his own home, he fancies that he is suffering from the effect of a local depression, and that if he were elsewhere he would do a fine business. He forgets that the same depression exists everywhere, and that a man has to scratch like the mischief for a living no matter where he is.

"Now when he goes to Texas, it is generally in response to the desire to go and "grow up with the country." This is all folly. He will find when he gets there that he is in a miserable society. It is chaotic, uncertain, shifting and transient. Instead of meeting with a warm reception, he finds that he is looked on with a sort of suspicion, and simply because he is one of a host of strangers that have come into the state from everywhere, many of them the worst of adventurers, and most of them without conclusive credentials. This spirit

OF SOCIAL AND BUSINESS DISTRUST

pervades nearly every town in Texas, and naturally, too, because there no man knows who is his neighbor, or where he came from, or what his character is. Everything is loosely thrown together.

"You can hardly imagine how this spirit of suspicion weighs a stranger down, and keeps him back in his business. It is a terrible load to struggle against. The same amount of work, put to any sort of business in Georgia,

WILL GIVE MUCH BETTER RESULTS

than it would in Texas. I am certain of this. You then have the advantage of better society, and all the social comforts here."

"Is Texas a better country for a young man than Georgia?"

"It is not. In the first place, the most of the young men who want to go there have little or no capital. They consequently desire to get work as soon as they get there. To do this is almost totally impossible. The state is simply overrun with young men desirous of obtaining work. You never saw anything like it. They can get literally nothing to do. It may be possible to get a job on a farm, but I tell you the man who tries to work as a farm hand out there will

FIND HIS MUSCLES TESTED TO THE UTMOST.

The plowing is the most of it done there with two horse plows—oftener four horses than one. The plow itself is a huge 18 inch affair, and it cuts a furrow like a gully. It is a tremendous task to follow one of these plows for a day. One of the plows we use here couldn't be pulled a foot through that deep marshy soil out there.

"No, sir; a young man had a thousand times better stay in Georgia than go to Texas. If he has capital he can use it much more safely, and quite as profitably here, as there. If he has not and desires to get work, his chances for a good job are a dozen here to one out there."

A WORD ABOUT THE FARMING INTERESTS.

"Is Georgia a better farming country than Texas?"

"It is not so rich, but it is much more safe. A man will sometimes make as much in one year in Texas as he can make in three here, but in the aggregate of ten year's work he would make more in Georgia than he would make in Texas.

"The soil there is wonderfully rich. It is six feet deep and is very fertile. A sack of guano is a curiosity out there. It is hardly ever used. But this rich soil is uncertain as arable land. If there is the slightest drought it toughens so that you can't work it. If it happens to be a little rainy it gets so boggy that it would swallow a saddle-blanket. For instance, I know a man who last year made

TWENTY BALES OF COTTON ON 25 ACRES.

"This year on the same land he had a good crop and on Saturday come in town to get hands to gather it. It commenced raining and blowing on Sunday, and he got hardly a bale of storm cotton from the whole twenty-five acres. If you hit the seasons exactly right you will get rich. If you miss it a hair's-breadth in either direction you will become a bankrupt. As an evidence of the uncertainty of the crops, I will say that when I went out there, corn was a drug on the market at 90 to 25 cents a bushel. Now it is worth 70 cents a bushel in Dallas—more than it is worth here, I believe.

These sudden changes make everything out there uncertain and feverish. There is nothing settled and safe. It is a place that a man with a family and respectability should certainly avoid.

THE COMPARATIVE EXPENSES.

"Is living cheaper here than in Texas?"

"Yes sir; I find that I can board my family here cheaper than I can out there, and at the same time get better fare and accommodations; out there, there are so many strangers that everything is pitched at a transient rate, and it is consequently cheaper here."

Just as we started to leave Col. Spencer stopped us and said:

"I have nothing personally, to say against Texas. I was treated kindly there, and made a great many warm friends. There are many pleasant associations connected with Texas, and I should have liked very much to have made it my home.

"But I give it a fair trial. It failed in all the essential elements of a home, and I felt it to be my duty to warn my friends and the public in general against making the mistake that has proved so disastrous to me.

"If you had seen what I have seen, you would readily perceive the necessity for making some efforts to stop the enormous tide of immigration that is flowing towards Texas. I never dreamed that it was half so serious. All through northern Texas

THE TRAINS ARE LITERALLY JAMMED

with immigrants pouring into the state. The seats are full, the aisles of the cars are packed, and children are pinned in between the seats I have seen, since I left here, hundreds of such trains. The immigrants are, most of them, the poorest of people, having barely enough money with which to reach their destination. I have seen mothers sick and fainting, with a half-dozen hungry, crying children with them, and husbands, depressed and discouraged, and not a living assured them after they had ridden their ticket. My heart always bled for people. Nine-tenths of them that stay in Texas do so because they have not the money to move on, and eke out a miserable existence by from home and friends and kindred and almost helpless.

ATLAS, SUNDAY TWO WEEKS,

of thirty-two wagons from Missouri to the town. The occupants were in ... were going further west. By a ... husband ... they met several citizens going back to Missouri ... to nothing, however, ... A[illegible] ... ver ... ed in his remarks.

and said: "While I am not going to be officious, I am going to do my very best to keep people in Georgia. It is a great, and often a fatal mistake, for a man to try Texas as a remedy against hard times at home."

AT HOME FOR GOOD.

Col Spencer is now at home for all time. He will never leave Atlanta again. He says he is satisfied that it is the best city in America, and he intends to go to work and build up his shattered fortunes right here.

We are heartily glad to welcome Col Spencer back. His energy and ability here won him a host of admirers here, and he is certain to achieve a success.

His head is level on Texas, as it is on nearly everthing else.

MARSHAL FITZSIMMONS.

OUR NEW MARSHAL REACHES ATLANTA AT LAST AND SURVEYS THE GROUND.

No State Made Out as Yet—The Marshal will not Move Hastily—Fitness to be the Sole Test of Appointment—The Laws Must and will be Enforced.

Colonel Fitzsimmons, the newly appointed marshal, reached Atlanta on yesterday morning.

A CONSTITUTION reporter at once waited upon the marshal to see if he had any statement that he desired to make to the public.

He was welcomed by Colonel Fitzsimmons, who is a tall man with a rather handsome face, a serious but not heavy manner, full iron gray whiskers, and a mild and gentle eye, that softens a face otherwise notable for firmness and decision.

NO "SLATE" YET MADE OUT.

Colonel Fitzsimmons will have the appointment of about six deputies and about twenty sub-deputies for the state. The salary of the deputies is limited at $3,000, and while it is contingent, usually gets up to the limit. The salary of the sub-deputies is not only less, but is more uncertain. It usually runs, however, to $1,200 or $1,500 a year. In reply to the questions as to whether or not he had made any of these appointments as yet, he replied:

"I have not only not made any appointments, but I have not determined upon any. I have, of course, had hundreds of applications, I may say thousands.

"I made up my mind, however, that I would determine upon no appointment until I had come to Atlanta, looked over the field, examined the nature of the office and satisfied myself directly as to what was needed. I have determined that as soon as I have definitely discovered exactly what points are needed in the filling of a certain place to select the man, who, in my opinion, combines the most of those points.

"In other words, I shall make personal fitness the sole and only test of appointment. Personal feeling, friendship, and everything else shall be subordinated to the one idea of fitness. Under this rule I will choose my officers carefully, and can rely upon their absolute efficiency."

THE LAW MUST BE ENFORCED.

"Have you determined upon any rules of conduct of your office?"

"Only one, and that is that the law must and shall be enforced. You see, the main fight made against me in the senate hung upon the one point, that a democrat or Georgian would not execute the laws impartially and inexorably. It was held that his prejudice and his sentiment would prevent his so doing.

"In reply to this argument the senators from Georgia pledged their personal words of honor that the law would be strictly, impartially and honestly enforced if I was confirmed. Under this state of affairs I am doubly bound to see that through negligence and forbearance nothing is left undone to faithfully enforce the laws. This is the only pledge that I gave upon taking the oath. I was asked to take no other.

POLITICS WAS NOT MENTIONED

to me during the whole race. It was a simple question with the president and my friends of securing a fit man for the office, and one who would stand by the law."

"I antic pate very little trouble," continued Col Fitzsimmons, "in enforcing the law. As soon as the people are thoroughly convinced that they will not be oppressed and maltreated they will not resist the law. If they are satisfied that they will have a fair trial and humane treatment they will make no resistance to arrest. It shall be my purpose to very speedily inspire them with this assurance. It is possible that it has been the officers of the law rather than the law itself that the people have heretofore feared. Of course, a marshal is unable to administer justice if he is served by disreputable or incompetent deputies. I consider it, consequently, very important that I make no mistake in the appointment of my deputies."

WHAT THE OFFICE IS WORTH.

The pay of the marshal is limited by law to $6,000 per annum. Even this amount is contingent. But it is generally pushed to the limit, as the fees are very lucrative. Indeed, it is said that Ben Butler said in a speech on this very subject that he knew of marshals who were making $40,000 per annum. Of course no honest man can draw more than the salary allowed, and all surplus should be paid into the treasury. It may be safely assumed that Colonel Fitzsimmons will draw $6,000 a year during his term of service.

The office of marshal is one of the most important in the whole service. The liberties and privileges of the people are very much in his hands, and through his force of deputies he may be exceedingly oppressive

COLONEL FITZSIMMONS

will assume control of the office on the 1st of January. He spent most of yesterday in the building, closely looking into the routine of office. He will devote his time from now until the 1st to close study, and will try and be fully prepared to push the business ahead without a break when he goes in.

Colonel Fitzsimmon's family has not yet reached the city. He will provide for their reception before they come up. He will then doubtless make Atlanta his home.

We have no doubt that he will make a most excellent officer. He will certainly prove a most estimable citizen and a polished and valuable addition to our society. We extend him heartily a welcome in the name of our whole people.

OFF FOR TEXAS.

DELUDED GEORGIANS MAKING FOR THE WEST.

A Big Emigration.

Yesterday morning there came down the Air-Line road about fifty men, women and children from various points on the road in Georgia and South Carolina. The Georgia road brought in another big lot; quite a large delegation also arrived on the Macon train. They all centered on the departing train by the Kenesaw route, quite filling three coaches and presenting the woeful spectacle of a

HUGE EMIGRATION

to TEXAS. There must have been in the entire party about one hundred and fifty persons, most of them being very intelligent and apparently well-to-do country people. They are all going to the northern and central portions of Texas to farm. They evidently have high notions of that land of promise, and in conversation with several of these men a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION discovered the fact that the whole party is lured on by

ROSY HOPES

which we fear will utterly fail of realization. Some of the families left very good places in Georgia where they have been doing well. They, probably heard the fabulous stories of sudden wealth in Texas and supposing that only awaited their coming they have gone to get it. It is not easy to understand how sensible people can be so easily gulled. It seems that the bitter experience of the hundreds who come back from the west every year is of no avail. It usually takes a little personal bitterness to give each man enough.

The usual rule will apply to those who left here yesterday. They will be gone six months or a year and will come back to Georgia dead broke and four hundred per cent worse off in every respect than they were when they went. This is the fourth large party that has past through Atlanta this season for Texas, and still they come.

CATOOSA SPRINGS.

Rare Chance for Investment.

In THE CONSTITUTION a few days since the fact was noted that Mr. H. H. Hickman, president of the bank of Augusta, had purchased Catoosa springs, and would open them in fine style next season. The latter part of the statement proves to be incorrect. Mr. Hickman has purchased the springs but will not open them. He is now offering them for sale, and affords a chance for

A RARE INVESTMENT.

There is no more popular watering place in Georgia than Catoosa springs, and they are now in finer condition than ever before. The property consists of 320 acres of very fine land in Catoosa county, the improvements on which are very valuable. There are two large and comfortable hotels and numerous cottages, beside other outbuildings, all in good repair. The springs are famed far and wide for their remarkable curative properties. They are numerous, and afford a great variety of mineral properties. We learn that the property can be bought at about

ONE-HALF ITS VALUE.

It may be negotiated for at private sale. Those wishing to inspect it are referred to J. N. Murray, Tunnel Hill, Ga. The titles to the entire property are perfect, and will be amply guaranteed.

Last summer Catoosa was full of guests from all parts of Georgia and Tennessee. If some enterprising man would take hold of the property he could make it pay splendidly.

The property is offered at such rates as should induce an immediate purchase.

THE DIAMOND EXHIBITION,

commencing to-day at J. P. STEVENS & CO'S, is the most attractive display to be seen this season.

These goods will be offered at remarkably low prices.

000 dec19...dtf top 4th col

$101,925!

THAT'S WHAT GEORGE ADAIR'S PROPERTY BROUGHT ON YESTERDAY.

Atlanta Real Estate Still Upward—The Street Railroad Makes its Entree as a Stock, and Goes to the Top of the Market.

On Saturday, Col. George W. Adair mounted a box at the corner of the Passenger depot and commenced to sell his property.

Several very important questions were held to be in course of settlement through this sale—1st: Whether real estate in Atlanta had declined or advanced? 2d: What the Kimball house would bring if put to sale; and third, what marketable value the street railroad stock (never before offered) would have—

The first question was very speedily settled, when the express building was put up. This building attracted lively bidding, and was finally knocked off to Messrs. M. C. & J. F. Kiser for $24 000, cash on the spot. Colonel Evan Howell pushed the property up to about $23,000 and there dropped it. It was followed by several careful buyers, until Colonel Kiser took it at the above quoted figures.

Colonel Kiser was very much pleased with his purchase. "We bought it," he said, "simply as an investment. We shall continue to rent it out as it is already rented. I have a perfect confidence in Atlanta's future and am almost prepared to say that property situated in the business part of the city is

CHEAP AT ANY PRICE WHATEVER

The city is bound to grow to be a city of first-class importance, and there is no telling what the property in the centre of it will be worth in a few years. It will be simply invaluable. I am more than pleased with the investment we have made."

The price given was a fair one, and was taken by the shrewdest observers to indicate a decided advance in real estate. Col Adair could not sell the property a year ago for $16,000. It is now worth double that, and under favorable circumstances would bring it.

THE KIMBALL HOUSE ON THE BLOCK.

When the Kimball house, that indeterminate piece of property, that suppositious elephant was put up, there was great anxiety felt as to what would become of it. It was felt certain that it would not bring anything like its value. It cost about $400,000, though this was a very extravagant price, even for the flush times in which it was built. Its actual value is probably $300,000. The bidding opened slowly and at low figures, but crept up until there were several bidders. Among others there were Major William Smyth, Mr Rice (who already owns one-third), Messrs Inman and Mr Joe Thompson. At length Mr Joe Thompson secured the bargain, paying therefor $305 800 in cash and $11 000 in an incumbrance on the property—in all $47,800. This secures him a one third interest in the house. Major Smyth purchased the furniture with several bids, but finally gave it up. It brought a small price, even considering the fact that it is pretty badly worn.

SOME OF THE M. C. KIMBALL BONDS.

were then put up and sold. These bonds were in denominations of $1 000—sixty of them being issued. They were secured by a deed of trust to Mrs Kimball's one-third of the Kimball house. The deed was placed in Judge Hopkin's hands. The bonds brought about 60 cents on the dollar. This put the Kimball third at about the figures the Adair third brought.

THE STREET RAILROAD STOCK.

The event of the day, however, was the sale of the street railroad stock. This stock had never been put upon the market before, and its value was entirely problematical. Those who knew the workings of the road, and the extent and certainty of its profits, considered it as first-class stock. It was rumored that shrinkage in this stock had injured Col Adair. Those who knew the truth knew better than this. It is true that there was a falling off in receipts of $30,000 in one year; but the expenses were cut from $46,000 to $26,000, and the profits for the past year or two have been better than ever before.

Mr. Peters, in whose hands the management of the road lies, is a capital man in every sense of the word. He is careful, prudent, sagacious and honest to the extreme. His life has been a long and continued success. While of course the most of the buyers on yesterday had thoroughly investigated the affairs of the company, one gentleman who bought five shares said he did so solely upon "his confidence in Dick Peters."

The stock opened briskly at sixty-five, then up rapidly to one hundred, when Mr. Craige got the first lot, and took 25 shares. It held up at 100 all the way down, dropping at last to 99 for small lots. It was said that $50,000 of it could have been placed at 100 or 99 on yesterday. It has taken its place as one of our leading stocks, and having held its own at par, in a rough and tumble auction sale, will speedily go up. Mr. Culpepper informs us that none of it has ever been sold, save where some holder would need money. In that event he (Mr. C.) always bought it for 100 and succeeding in selling it promptly at 105. We expect to see this stock go up to that figure, and even higher. Its expense is now at a maximum. It could accommodate a city of 100,000 people, with hardly a dollar expense above what it has now. As the city grows, its profits will outrun its expense.

A LIST OF SALES.

We append a list of the sales as made on yesterday:

Express building, M C Kiser	$24,080
Ticket office, J E Brown	5,510
Greneville mill, V R Tommey	1,975
Whitehall lot, C L Dowsing, E A Lewis	2,400
H I Kimball house, Jos Thompson	36,800
Furniture Kimball house, Jos Thompson	3,500
15 bonds (M C Kimball bonds), W H Smyth, at 65c	9,750
5 bonds (M C Kimball bonds), W H Smyth at 60	3,000
1 bond (M C Kimball bonds), W H Smyth at 51	510
25 shares St R R stock, J E Craig at 100	2,500
5 shares St R R stock, W P Orme at 100	500
10 shares St R R stock, Jos Thompson, at 100	1,000
20 shares St R R stock, W H Smyth, at 100	2,000
15 shares St R R stock, W Russell, at 100	1,500
5 shares St R R stock, A J Orme, at 99	495
5 shares St R R stock, M Bell, at 99	495
5 shares St R R stock, W P Orme, 99	495
G W Adair's residence, E A Werner	5 000
3 vacant lots, R A Howard	765
	$101 925

The largest stock of elegant Etruscan Gold Necklaces and Lockets ever exhibited in Atlanta, will be opened to-day at J. P. Stevens & Co.'s, 34 Whitehall street.

000 dec19...dtf

POLICE POINTS.

—Two of the boys on a bum yesterday registered at one of our hotels, and after eating a hearty dinner came down and had not wherewithal to pay for the damage. As they were boozy and noisome, they were promptly hurried to the station house by an active patrolman who who was near by.

—Recorder's court yesterday netted $30, and displayed some rich scenes.

—Milledge Gresham was yesterday arrested on a charge of horse stealing, and is now in the station house.

—Julia Cook was arrested early yesterday morning on a telegram from Westminister, S. C., which charged her with a misdemeanor.

—Poke Hopkins and Hannah Brown were yesterday married. They thus settled the case which had been made against them for irregularities in their private life.

—Drunkenness has for the past few days been more prevalent than usual on our streets

EXECUTIVE NOTES.

—Yesterday Governor Colquitt pardoned Vannious Jennings, colored, who was sentenced to the penitentiary at the July term of Oconee superior court, 1876, for the offense of burglary in the day. His sentence was for three years, but on the certificate of a physician that he would die if longer confined, the governor humanely pardoned him.

—No commissions were issued yesterday

The executive office had frequent visitors during the afternoon yesterday.

Shipping Poultry.

Atlanta is now quite a market for dressed chickens and turkeys; in fact large quantities are daily received. To those who ship from Tennessee and other localities, we would say, much of the poultry shipped here does not meet with a ready sale—caused by the manner in which it is sent. In many instances geese bones as well as white pine are used, and though they are very neat and clean yet the lovis are so impregnated with the resin from the pine as to make them unsalable. Clean barrels (not oil) and oil casks or sacks are much better than goods boxes.

AN INFERNAL MACHINE.

AN ATTEMPT TO KILL A WORTHY CITIZEN.

A Singular Case and its Attendant Circumstances.

Monday night there occurred in this city one of the most curious and at the same time one of the most dastardly attempts at murder ever known in the community. Since the author of the intended mischief is scarcely accountable for what he has done it would be unjust to comment on the case as if it were the work of one in full possession of his faculties, yet the the circumstances stamp it as a

MOST SINGULAR INSTANCE,

and we give the full particulars, which are as follows.

About 9 o'clock Monday night Mr Rhodes Hill, of the firm of Cox, Hill & Thompson, was called to the front door of his residence, No 211 Collins street. He met one John Seals, a half witted man, about twenty-one years of age, who lives very near to Mr Hill. Seals told him he had something

VERY IMPORTANT

to tell him, whereupon Mr. Hill came out and began a conversation with Seals. The informant seemed very much excited and incoherently he told Mr. Hill that he had just overheard a plan to blow him up, and had come to reveal it to him. He then showed Mr. Hill a cigar box which had been placed in the front porch and told him not to touch it or it

WOULD EXPLODE

and blow him to atoms. He advised him to put it at once in water as a preventive of its possible mischief. Mr. Hill took up the box and put it into water, and after taking it out discovered that it was

AN INFERNAL MACHINE

which was actually constructed to explode with terrible force and would have been the certain destruction of any one who lifted the lid of the box to see what it contained. The cigar box had a strong inside lining of white pine and was divided into three apartments. Each of these was packed full of powder and shot and both the side apartments connected with the central one. In this there was an artful contrivance to explode the powder there contained. The top of the box was held down by a string which was attached to a piece of wood hinged on a side of the box. On to this piece were tied three matches, which were in contact with a piece of sand paper, so that the moment the lid was raised the matches, by being grated against the sand paper, would be ignited and

THE EXPLOSION

of the box would follow. The machine was so arranged as to prevent the possibility of failure.

The box containing the terrible contents had been placed in the verandah of Mr. Hill's residence and, of course, whoever first discovered it would naturally pick it up to see what it contained and the result would have been inevitable. Mr. Hill, after he had seen the box and its contents and had noted the excited manner of his informant, grew suspicious that he was the author of the intended mischief. Yesterday morning he communicated the facts of the case to police headquarters and at noon Captain Flynn arrested Seals. Soon after he was taken into custody he

ADMITTED HIS GUILT

and said that he had simply fixed the machine to cause a little excitement as times were rather dull. Before his confession he wrote a full statement of what he heard "a fellow" say in the stable as he was fixing up the dangerous box. After his confession he was confined in the station house and since it was well known that he was *non compos mentis* no state case was recorded against him. He was held on a city case of disorderly conduct for a fuse earlier in the evening until Mr. W. H Venable appeared and stood his bond. Mr. Hill thoroughly understands the cause and he declined

TO PROSECUTE

the poor fellow who plotted his death. He is sure he did not know what he was about, and imputes no malice to him.

We congratulate Mr. Hill on his narrow escape from such a terrible danger. Seals will appear before the recorder this morning to answer the city case which has been made against him. If his propensities are as dangerous usually as in the case just stated he ought at once to be confined in the asylum.

HIS MAJESTY, REX.

HOW HIS FETE WILL BE HONORED IN ATLANTA.

The Grand Ball at Concordia Hall—An Affair to Rival all Past Efforts—Some Notes From the Advance Imp.

At a solemn convocation of that majestic brotherhood who are charged with the affairs of Rex in this part of his universal realm, held on Monday night, messages were received from his majesty of great import. What his royal highness signified it is not within our power to tell, but from the preparations set on foot by the brotherhood we are prepared to say that the fete day of our liege lord is to be properly observed and celebrated in this favorite city.

THE STREET PARADE,

for various good and sundry reasons which Hijin proposes to set forth in his proclamation, will this year be dispensed with. In the midst of our great victories it is not becoming that our jubilations should extend beyond reasonable bounds. Within our walls we have ample means to congratulate each other in milder and more agreeable form, and it is the purpose of his majesty's followers to adopt this more besseeming method. Private enterprise in the revelry line will receive all due encouragement, and those who desire to play fantastic tricks before high heaven in the public thoroughfares will be allowed to do so.

THE GRAND BALL

in honor of his majesty's added year of prosperity and happiness, will be one of the grandest ever seen in Georgia. Much as those of the past have been advertised throughout this section of the realm, we confidently pledge our honor for the truth that this ball will excel every one that has preceded it and be pronounced the acme of such performances in all the state.

The ball will take place in the new and elegant Concordia hall, which is admirably adapted to all the purposes. It will be a full costume ball of the most gorgeous character and giving a fuller round of illustrations than has ever before been witnessed by our people. Fuller and ampler arrangements for costumes will be made than heretofore, and there is nothing that can now be seen to mar the complete and notable success of this unusual success.

THE SUPPER.

His majesty's folks are never idle in the cause of benevolence, and as an evidence the ladies of the Benevolent home have been specially deputed to become the caterers for profit to their institution upon this night. They will assuredly do all in their power to supply the substantials elements of a feast worthy such a fete, and we doubt not the result will be highly gratifying to the participants and to the master of exchequer of that noble public charity—the home.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

As the brotherhood have ample subsidies granted by his highness to make it a grand affair all that it should be, they have determined to give it the utmost brilliancy and sources of enjoyment and to offer these to those who are best worthy to participate in them.

Invitations to the favored ladies within the jurisdiction will be forwarded to them at an early day and are to be esteemed as special tokens of his majesty's regard for their beauty, intelligence and nobility. All should make it their special duty to attend. To those gentlemen, not within the mystic circle, the opportunity will be granted of participating in this festive occasion, upon the payment of the dues required in this case, ten dollars, which includes all the privileges.

Success to his majesty forever and long live his favored brotherhood.

Just Ready—Spurgeon's New Book.

The Matchless Mystery, and other sermons, by Rev. C. H. Spugeon, being the 10th series. Published by Sheldon & Co., of New York and for sale by J. J. & S. P. Richards.

Such has been the unprecedented circulation of the sermons of Mr. Spurgeon throughout the world, that he has fairly become the Cosmopolitan preacher of the age. Even in this country fourteen volumes of his works have now been published, and the series of his sermons alone now have a circulation of near five hundred thousand copies!

The present volume, "The Matchless Mystery, and Other Sermons," will be the tenth of the series.

The sermons in this volume have been selected from more than three hundred that have been published in England since the issue of the last volume of the American edition. The selection has been made by the editor, Rev. J. Stanford Holme, D.D., with more than usual care, and is believed to be greatly superior to any heretofore published.

To the Citizens of Atlanta.

GAINESVILLE, December 15.

Rev. W. C. Wilkes visits your city in the interest of the State Baptist Female college, proposed to be built in the city of Gainesville, and it gives me pleasure to commend him to you as the accredited agent of the Baptist convention and the city, to raise a fund for this noble purpose.

Dr. Wilkes is a Christian gentleman, and a minister of high repute—reliable in his statements and worthy of your confidence.

Any kindness, or effort to advance the work in which he is engaged, will be properly appreciated and gratefully remembered.

Very respectfully,
CAREY W. STILES.

A Fine Christmas Present.

No better Christmas present can be made than a pair of Dr Alexander Fox's spectacles or eye glasses. He is daily consulted at the Markham House or our citizens and his glasses give universal satisfaction. Call and see for yourself.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, December 17.

W H Saul, Augusta; M Cheatham, Nashville; F E Kauffman, St Louis; G W Mellhany, West Point; Misses Muldon, C R Plumbe; Mobile; Mrs Morris, R L Magnardo, New York; Jas P Simmons, Norcross; Geo H Mooney, S C; S W Jack, Tenn; J B Appleby, J R Logan, W F Manson, Cleveland; R C Perham, St Louis; M F Cochran, Barnesville; J G Truit, U B Frost, A D Abrahams, LaGrange, Jas A Haynes, J Rosenbalt, Baltimore; R Ellis, Ga; Preston Nash, Arizona; T W Simmons, Maryland; G W Adams, Forsyth; J E Hunt, Lake City, Fla; C E Crandal, Rushville, Ill; L M Dey, New Orleans; D Fe'cher, New York; W H Casson, Jr, Thos Agnew, G & C R R; E W Alexander, Washington, D C; H Leopold, New Orleans; W T Lawson, Griffin; G B Shafer, Macon; J B Cooke, Chattanooga; E Shafer, Toccoa; J H Daniel, Gainesville; C C Moore, V; J C Nunnally, Winchester, Tenn; J T Burford, Hampton; T W Baxter, Cartersville; P L Cowan, Montgomery; W D Barker, Rutledge; S B Trapp, Louisville; W W Clark, Covington; G G Crawford, Ga; W C Anderson and family, Easton; Geo T Carr, Covington; D C Jones, Ga; J T Talbott, Cynthia, Ky; H Cranston, N J Hammond, Geo Hillyer, city; W A Boiss, Chicago; J T Davis, Columbia, Ala; H P Bell, Cummings; F L Freyer, Marietta; T W Hightower, LaFayette, Ala; W McKay, Macon; E A Fiewellen; Thomaston; Clarence Angier, city; D F O Timmons; Munroe; Thos J Carlisle, Chattanooga; Mrs J Merrian and child, Louisville; J W B Simmons, T N Pitts, A J Belcher, Covington, Charlie Baldwin, Boston; Sim Sligh, city; W W Simpson, Wylie DuBose, D M DuBose, Dudley DuBose, Washington; Miss Mollie Pou, Miss